







EPA UCMR5 Compliant

Certified PFAS Containers

Minimize contamination risks & maximize accuracy in your test results.

METHOD 1633

250cc Natural HDPE Oblong LEAKPROOF 45PP cap Part #LPV008200650

METHOD 537.1

250cc Natural HDPE Oblong LEAKPROOF 45PP cap TRIS/TRIS HCL (1.25gms) Part #LPV008249600

METHOD 533

250cc Natural HDPE Oblong LEAKPROOF 45PP cap Ammonia Acetate (250mg) Part #LPV008294600

(800) 369-5524 sales@foxscientific.com www.foxscientific.com





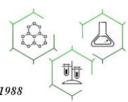
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Liners, Vials & Convenience Kits for Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) testing









Why and What is PFAS all about?

There is increasing evidence that exposure to PFAS (Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl) can adversely affect human health. Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl substances do not break down, accumulating over time in the human body and the environment. Government regulations are increasing mandating that many materials should be tested to ensure that there are no traces of PFAS or that the traces found are below the legal limits.

PFAS are widely used in materials such as PTFE. PTFE is commonly used in chemical analysis consumables. Laboratories require labware products that do not contain PTFE to minimize background contamination.

The analytical detection method of choice for PFAS analysis is liquid chromatography - mass spectrometry – mass spectrometry (LC/MS/MS), which is especially suited for analysis of ionic compounds such as the PFSAs and PFCAs. Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC/MS) can also be used for PFAS analysis. However, while LC/MS/MS analysis of PFAS is widely available, GC/MS analysis has limited commercial availability for PFAS. While most analytical methods used for PFAS utilize LC/MS/MS, just as with sample preparation, there are significant ways in which the method differ that need to be considered when selecting a method.

Finneran Porvair has a complete product line of vials, closures, liners and kits suitable for PFAS Testing. Our product offerings include 1mm polyimide/silicone lined closures, unlined polypropylene and polyethylene closures and polypropylene vials in 9mm screw thread and 11mm crimp finishes. We also offer our closures and vials in a variety of convenience kits.

Unlined Closures for PFAS Testing



molded into the closure eliminating the need for a liner. These unlined closures perform well for single injection testing.

Unlined closures have a 10mil thick membrane



5330-09

Cat. No.	Description	Shelf Pack	Case Pack
5330-09	9mm R.A.M™ Top Seal™, Solid Top, Clear Polypropylene Closure, 10mil Thick Septa	100	1000
5330PE-09	9mm R.A.M™ Top Seal™, Solid Top, Clear Polyethylene, 10mil Thick Septa	100	1000
5200-11	111mm Snap Top Cap™, Solid Top, Clear Polyethylene Closure, 10mil Thick Septa	100	1000

Closures lined with 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone for PFAS Testing



The 1mm thick polyimide is amber translucent and the white silicone rubber is a high purity rubber composition resulting in low leachables. This new closure has a useable temperature range up to 130°C and performs well up to ten injections.



5230-11B 5390-09FRB

Cat. No.	Description	Shelf Pack	Case Pack
5390-09SFRB	9mm R.A.M.™ Ribbed Royal Blue Closure, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone lined	100	1000
5230-11B	11mm Blue Snap Top Cap™, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone lined	100	1000

Polypropylene Snap Ring™/Crimp Top, Snap Seal™/Crimp Top Vials and 9mm Screw Thread Vials



31511P-1232

Our polypropylene vials are designed to work in most autosamplers.

These lightweight vials are an economical alternative to glass.

Manufactured from chemical resistant polypropylene, they are ideal for PFAS sampling, testing, storing and transporting.



100

1000

30109P-1232 30509P-1232

Cat. No.	Description	Shelf Pack	Case Pack
30109P-1232	100-300μL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Limited Volume Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm	100	1000
30509P-1232	500μL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Limited Volume Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm	100	1000
30709P-1232	750µL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Limited Volume Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm	100	1000
31509P-1232	1.5mL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm	100	1000
Cat. No.	Description	Shelf Pack	Case Pack
30111P-1232	100-300μL Polypropylene, 11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Limited Volume Vial,12x32mm	100	1000
30511P-1232	500μL Polypropylene, 11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Limited Volume Vial, 12x32mm	100	1000
30711P-1232	750µL Polypropylene,	100	1000

9mm R.A.M.™ Convenience Kits for PFAS Testing

11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Limited Volume Vial, 12x32mm

1.5mL Polypropylene,

11mm Snap Seal™/Crimp Top Vial, 12x32mm

Components packaged in a clear lid tray, keeping vials and closures visible and particle free.

Cat. No.	Description	Shelf Pack	Case Pack
9013P-12SFRB	Convenience Pack - P/N 30109P-1232 and 5390-09SFRB 100-300µL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Limited Volume Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm, 9mm R.A.M.™ Ribbed Cap, Royal Blue, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000
9053P-12SFRB	Convenience Pack - P/N 30509P-1232 and 5390-09SFRB 500µL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Limited Volume Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm, 9mm R.A.M.™ Ribbed Cap, Royal Blue, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000
9073P-12SFRB	Convenience Pack - P/N 30709P-1232 and 5390-09SFRB 750µL Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Limited Volume Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm, 9mm R.A.M.™ Ribbed Cap, Royal Blue, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000
9153P-12SFRB	Convenience Pack - P/N 31509P-1232 and 5390-09SFRB 1.5mL Clear Polypropylene R.A.M.™ Vial, 9mm Screw Thread, 12x32mm, 9mm R.A.M.™ Ribbed Cap, Royal Blue, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000

11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Convenience Kits for PFAS Testing

Components packaged in a clear lid tray, keeping vials and closures visible and particle free.

Cat. No.	Description	Shelf Pack	Case Pack
901523P-12B	Convenience Pack - P/N 30111P-1232 and 5230-11B 100-300µL Polypropylene,11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Limited Volume Vial, 12x32mm,11mm Blue Snap Cap,1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000
905523P-12B	Convenience Pack - P/N 30511P-1232 and 5230-11B 500µL Polypropylene, 11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Limited Volume Vial, 12x32mm, 11mm Blue Snap Cap, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000
907523P-12B	Convenience Pack - P/N 30711P-1232 and 5230-11B 750µL Polypropylene, 11mm Snap Ring™/Crimp Top Limited Volume Vial, 12x32mm, 11mm Blue Snap Cap, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000
915523P-12B	Convenience Pack - P/N 31511P-1232 and 5230-11B 1.5mL Polypropylene, 11mm Snap Seal™/Crimp Top Vial, 12x32mm, 11mm Blue Snap Cap, 1mm Thick Polyimide/Silicone Lined for PFAS Testing	100	1000

Silicone/Polyimide Compatibility Chart

Alcohols Acetonitrile Methanol THF **DMF** (ethanol) Ether Cyclohexane Acetone Hydrocarbons Benzene Toluene DMSO DCM Acetic Acid Phenol Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Silicone/ Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Polyimide





Per- & Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Standards





Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) belong to a continuously expanding family of over 4000 man-made chemical pollutants. The amphiphilic ability of PFAS has led to the manufacturing of PFAS in oils and water-resistant industrial and consumer products such as firefighting foams, cleaners, cosmetics, paints, adhesives and insecticides. However, environmental chemists and biologists have uncovered that PFAS have harmful toxicological effects and pose a significant risk to the public. The high thermal and chemical stability of PFAS make them persistent in the environment and nearly non-biodegradable, necessitating chemical reference standards to test the concentration of PFAS in drinking water, burn sites and Teflon products.

		Content	S		
PFOA / P	FOS Compounds UPDATED	2-3		ethod UPDATED	6
	nod UPDATED Method Standard	4-5	D7979	PFAS in Soil PFAS in Non-potable Waters	
	Native Compound Standard	0. 7		PFAS/PFOA in Aqueous Matrices	_
	PFAS/PFOA in Aqueous, Solid Biosolids Native PFAS for Ground, Surface and W			od UPDATED PFAS in Water by LC-MS/MS	7
	PFAS/PFOA in Aqueous Matrices	asicwater		PFOS and PFOA in Water by LC-MS	

F	PFOA / PFOS Co	mpounds			
Perfluoroalkylsulfonates	CAS No.	Conc.	Matrix	Cat. No.	Unit
Potassium perfluoro-1-octanesulfonate	2795-39-3	100 µg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-002S	1 mL
Potassium perfluoro-1-butanesulfonate (PPBS)	29420-49-3	50 µg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-005S	1 mL
Sodium perfluoro-1-pentanesulfonate	630402-22-1	50 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-006S	1 mL
Potassium perfluoro-1-hexanesulfonate	3871-99-6	50 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-007S	1 mL
Perfluoroalkylcarboxylic acids					
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid	335-67-1		NEAT	PFOA-001N	100 mg
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-001S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid (PFBA)	375-22-4	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-002S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid (PFDA)	335-76-2	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-003S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid (PFDoA)	307-55-1	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-004S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid (PFHpA)	375-85-9	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-005S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid (PFHxA)	307-24-4	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-006S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid (PFNA)	375-95-1	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-007S	1 mL
Perfluorooctadecanoic acid (PFODA)	16517-11-6	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-029S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-029S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid (PFPeA)	2706-90-3	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-008S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid (PFUnA)	2058-94-8	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-009S	1 mL
2H-Perfluoro-2-decenoic acid (FOUEA)	70887-84-2	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-027S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-027S	1 mL
2,2,3,3,3-Pentafluoropropionic acid (PFPrA)	422-64-0	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-015S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-015S	1 mL
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid (5:3 FTCA)	914637-49-3	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-022S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-022S	1 mL
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorodecanoic acid (7:3 FTCA)	812-70-4	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-023S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-023S	1 mL
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluoroundecanoic acid (8:3 FTCA)	34598-33-9	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-010S	1 mL
2H-Perfluoro-2-octenoic acid (FHUEA)	70887-88-6	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-024S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-024S	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid (PFTriA)	72629-94-8	50 μg/mL	MeOH:Water	PFOA-016S-M-W	1 mL
Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid (PFTreA)	376-06-7	50 μg/mL	MeOH:Water	PFOA-017S-M-W	1 mL
Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid (NFDHA)	151772-58-6	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-018S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-018S	1 mL
Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid (PFMPA)	377-73-1	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-020S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-020S	1 mL
Perfluoro(4-methoxybutanoic) acid (PFMBA)	863090-89-5	2 µg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-021S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-021S	1 mL
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorononanoic acid (6:3 FTCA)	27854-30-4	2 µg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-043S-0.02X	1 mL
	prompte access and make the	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-043S	1 mL

AccuStandard is continually adding more compounds, visit our website for the most up-to-date list

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Massachusetts Method

continued on next page

PFOA / PFOS Compounds

	CAS No.	Conc.	Matrix	Cat. No.	Unit
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid (NEtFOS	SAA) 2991-50-6	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-015S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-015S	2, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
N-methyl N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic ac	id 2355-31-9	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-014S-0.02X	1 mL
(NMeFOSAA)		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-014S	1 mL
N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-004S	1 mL
N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid (NMeFOSA	AA) 2355-31-9	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-001S	1 mL
rfluorooctane sulfonamides					
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide (PFOSA)	754-91-6	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-035S-0.02X	1 mL
	Mary and shortful folder 160 od 160 Mary	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-035S	1 mL
Bis(trifluoromethane)sulfonimide lithium salt (HQ-115)	90076-65-6	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-030S-0.02X	1 mL
		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-030S	1 mL
Sulfluramid (NEtFOSA)	4151-50-2	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-036S-0.02X	1 mL
UEU IN (O I I III) (I III III III III III III II		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-036S	1 mL
N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)perfluorooctylsulphonamide (NEtFOSE	E) 1691-99-2	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-039S-0.02X	1 mL
Monto motific		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-039S	1 mL
Ilfonic acids	1700 00 1	100/1	Magui	DE00.0010	4
Perfluoro-n-octane sulfonic acid (PFOS)	1763-23-1	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-001S	1 mL
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	2706-91-4	2 μg/mL 100 μg/mL	MeOH MeOH	PFOA-025S-0.02X PFOA-025S	1 mL
Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane)sulphonic acid (PFEESA)	113507-82-7	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-0255 PFOA-019S-0.02X	1 mL 1 mL
remuoro(2-emoxyemane)suiphonic acid (FFEESA)	113307-62-7	2 μg/mL 100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-019S-0.02X	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)	39108-34-4	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-014S-0.02X	1 mL
111, 111,211,211-1 efficiolodecariescilloffic acid (6.21113)	39100-34-4	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-014S	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (4:2 FTS)	757124-72-4	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-013S-0.02X	1 mL
TI, TI, ETT, ETT OTHEOTOTIONAL TOCALION THE AGIA (T.E. 1 TO)	707121721	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOA-013S	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)	27619-97-2	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-028S-0.02X	1 mL
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-028S	1 mL
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS)	68259-12-1	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-031S-0.02X	1 mL
	37 47 47	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-031S	1 mL
Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid (PFBS)	375-73-5	2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-034S-0.02X	1 mL
laman authorates		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-034S	1 mL
lomer sulfonates	07040 00 0	400		DE00 0440	54 March
Sodium 1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluoro-1-hexanesulfonate	27619-93-8	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-011S	1 mL
Sodium 1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluoro-1-octanesulfonate	27619-94-9	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-012S	1 mL
Sodium 1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluoro1-decanesulfonate	27619-96-1	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-013S	1 mL
uorinated telomer alcohols	22420 50 0	100	DT MaQU	ETOH 0010	اسما
2,2-Difluoropropan-1-ol 3H,3H,3H (2:1 FTOH)	33420-52-9	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH PT MeOH	FTOH 003S	1 mL
3,3,3-Trifluoropropan-1-ol (1:2 FTOH)	2240-88-2	100 μg/mL		FTOH-002S	1 mL
2,2,3,3,3-Pentatluoropropan-1-ol 1H,1H,2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorobutan-1-ol (1:3 FTOH)	422-05-9 461-18-7	100 μg/mL 100 μg/mL	PT MeOH PT MeOH	FTOH-003S FTOH-004S	1 mL 1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorobutan-1-ol (2:2 FTOH)	54949-74-5	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-006S	1 mL
1H,1H,5H-Perfluoropentan-1-ol (5H 4:1 FTOH)	355-80-6	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-007S	1 mL
2-(Perfluorobutyl)ethanol (4:2)	2043-47-2	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-008S	1 mL
1H,1H,5H-Perfluoropentan-1-ol (5H 4:1 FTOH)	355-80-6	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-010S	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctan-1-ol (6:2)	647-42-7	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-013S	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluoro-1-decanol (8:2)	678-39-7	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-021S	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluoro-9-methyldecan-1-ol (9Me 8:2 FTO		100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-024S	1 mL
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorododecan-1-ol (10:2)	865-86-1	100 μg/mL	PT MeOH	FTOH-027S	1 mL

Commericial / Technical grades					
Ammonium perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoate) (GenX)	62037-80-3	100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-019S	1 mL
Scotchgard™ Pre-2002 Formulation (Tech mix)		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-SCG-001S	1 mL
Scotchgard™ Post-2002 Formulation (Tech mix)		100 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-SCG-002S	1 mL
F-53B (Tech mix)		2 μg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-040S-0.02X	1 mL
	[100 µg/mL	MeOH	PFOS-040S	1 mL

Registered Trademark Scotchgard 3M

EPA Methods and State Method

Method 537.1 Method Standard

This updated version of USEPA Method 537 can be used for the quantitative analysis of 18 analytes by Solid Phase Extraction (SPE) and Liquid Chromatography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS).

EPA 537.1 Method Standard

M-537.1

2 μg/mL each in MeOH

Perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoic) acid N-ethylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid

Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid

Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid

1 mL 18 comps.

Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid Perfluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid

11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid 9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonic acid

4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid

PFAS compounds exist in both linear and branched forms in nature. Each lot manufactured may carry a different ratio than previous lots. A ratio of linear and branched isomers will be provided on each standard's Certificate of Analysis if both linear and branched isomers are present. If no ratio appears, then the standard contains only the linear isomer. Contact our Technical Department if the ratio of our current lots must be known prior to placing an order.

Technical Notes

LC-MS/MS is preferable for low detection limit analysis, and for regulatory compliance for EPA, ASTM D7979 or other methods.

Method 537 Native Compound Standard

This was the first method introduced for the determination of 14 PFAS in drinking water. It includes 14 PFAS for determination using Solid Phase Extraction (SPE) and Liquid Chromatography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS). This method was updated in 2018 to USEPA Method 537.1 which adds additional analytes.

1 mL

14 comps.

Method 537 Native Compound Standard

M-537

50 μg/mL each in AcCN:Water (95:5)

Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid

Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid

Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid

Perfluoro-n-butane sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-hexane sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-octane sulfonic acid

Technical Note

This was the first method introduced for the determination of 14 PFAS in drinking water. It includes 14 PFAS for determination using Solid Phase Extraction (SPE) and Liquid Chromatography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS). This method was updated in 2018 to 537.1 which adds additional analytes.

Massachusetts PFAS in Drinking Water Reference Standard

This PFAS CRM is formulated to include compounds published in the PFAS public drinking water standard by the Massachusetts DEP. Known as PFAS6, these compounds have been targeted due to its high abundance in drinking water sources in addition to the adverse health effects associated with its exposure.

Massachusetts PFAS Reference Standard PFC-MA

2 µg/mL each in MeOH

1 mL 6 comps.

Perfluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid

NaOH is added for stability to multi-component PFAS standards

EPA Methods (continued)

Method 1633 PFAS/PFOA in Aqueous, Solid, Biosolids, and Tissue Samples by LC-MS/MS

This standard contains the 40 PFAS described in USEPA Method 1633. USEPA Method 1633 is for the analysis of PFAS in aqueous, solid, biosolids and tissue samples using LC-MS/MS technique. Our M-1633 product series is offered to cover the 40 native PFAS required by the method.

Method 1633 Mix 1 M-1633-1 At stated conc. (µg/mL) in MeOH	1 mL 11 comps.
Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid	8
Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid	4
Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid	2
Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid	2
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid	2
Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid	2
Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid	2
Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid	2
Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid	2

M-1633-3 At stated conc. (μg/mL) in MeOH	1 mL 7 comps.
Perfluorooctane sulfonamide	2
N-Methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamide	2
Sulfluramid	2
N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid	2
N-ethylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid	2
N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol	10
N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)perfluorooctylsulphonamide	10

Method 1633 Mix 2

Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid

Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid

M-1633-2 At stated conc. (μg/mL) in MeOH	1 mL 11 comps
Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid	2
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid	2
Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid (Linear and Branch	ned) 2
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid	2
Perfluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid (Linear and branch	ed) 2
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid	2
Perfluorodecane-1-sulfonic acid	2
Perfluorododecanesulfonic acid	2
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid	8
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	8
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid	8

Method 1633 Mix 4

Perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoic) acid Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid	mL mps
SER COMPANY OF SERVICES OF SERVICES AND	2
Daufferana (Australia en de de la cale) a si d	2
Perfluoro(4-methoxybutanoic) acid	2
Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid	2
9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonic acid	2
11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid	2
Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane)sulphonic acid	2
3-Perfluoropropyl propanoic acid	4
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid	20
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorodecanoic acid	20
4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid	2

Method 8327 Native PFAS Reference Standard for Ground, Surface, and Wastewater

This Certified Reference Material (CRM) contains the 24 PFAS based on the newest publication of USEPA Method 8327 which is suitable for testing PFAS in surface water, groundwater and wastewater matrices. Our two CRMs M-8327-10X and M-8327 are offered at a high and a low concentration to meet the specific needs of your testing.

Native PFAS Reference Standard M-8327

 M-8327
 1 mL

 2 μg/mL each in MeOH
 24 comps.

 M-8327-10X
 1 mL

 20 μg/mL each in MeOH
 24 comps.

2

2

Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid Perfluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluorononanesulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid Perfluorodecane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid 1H.1H.2H.2H-Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid N-ethylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid Perfluorooctane sulfonamide

NaOH is added for stability to multi-component PFAS standards

ASTM Methods

ASTM D7968 Polyfluorinated Compounds in Soil by LC-MS/MS

Native PFAS in Soil Standard D-7968

2 μg/mL each in MeOH

1 mL 21 comps.

Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluoroctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid
Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid
Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid
Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid
Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid

2H,2H-Perfluorooctanoic acid
2H,2H-Perfluorodecanoic acid
2H,2H-Perfluorododecanoic acid
2H,Perfluoro-2-decenoic Acid
2H,3H,3H,9H-Perfluorodecanoic acid
2H-Perfluoro-2-octenoic acid
Perfluoro-4-ethylcyclohexane sulfonic acid

ASTM D7979 PFAS Substances in Water, Sludge, Influent, Effluent, and Wastewater by LC-MS/MS

PFAS in Wastewater Standard D-7979

2 μg/mL each in MeOH

1 mL 21 comps.

Potassium perfluoro-1-butanesulfonate Potassium perfluoro-1-hexanesulfonate Perfluoroctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid

2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorodecanoic acid 2H-Perfluoro-2-decenoic Acid 2H,2H-Perfluorodecanoic acid 2H,2H-Perfluorodecanoic acid 2H-Perfluoro-2-octenoic acid 2H,2H-Perfluorooctanoic acid

Perfluoro-4-ethylcyclohexane sulfonic acid

ASTM D8421 PFAS / PFOA in Aqueous Matrices by LC-MS/MS

ASTM test method D8421 is for the determination of PFAS in aqueous matrices by co-solvation and using LC-MS/MS technique. Our two Target Spike mixes and Surrogate Standard CRMs are offered to include the 44 native PFAS listed in the test method at a varied concentration.

D8421 Native PFAS/PFOA Target Spike 1 Standard D-8421-TS-1 1 x 1 mL

2 µg/mL in each in MeOH:Water (95:5)

22 comps.

Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid
Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid

Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid Perfluorodecane-1-sulfonic acid

Perfluorononanesulfonic acid Perfluoronoctane-1-sulfonic acid (Linear and branched)

Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid (Linear and Branched)

Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluorooctane sulfonamide

1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid

N-ethylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid

NaOH is added for stability to multi-component PFAS standards

D8421 Native PFAS/PFOA Target Spike 2 Standard D-8421-TS-2 1 x 1 mL

2 µg/mL each in MeOH:Water (95:5)

19 comps.

Perfluorododecanesulfonic acid N-Methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamide

Sulfluramid

N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol

N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)perfluorooctylsulphonamide

Perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoic) acid 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid

9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonic acid 11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid

Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane)sulphonic acid Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid Perfluoro(4-methoxybutanoic) acid 3-Perfluoropropyl propanoic acid 2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid

2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid 2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorodecanoic acid

2H-Perfluoro-2-octenoic acid 2H-Perfluoro-2-decenoic acid

Bis(trifluoromethane)sulfonimide lithium salt

D8421 Native PFAS/PFOA Target Spike 3 Standard

D-8421-TS-3

1 x 1 mL

10 μg/mL each in MeOH:Water (95:5)

3 comps.

Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid

2,2,3,3,3-Pentafluoropropionic acid

ISO Methods

This CRM supports the testing for PFAS in non-filtered water such as drinking water and waste water using LC-MS/MS and according to the international standard. Our ISO21675 CRM includes the 30 native PFAS required by the test method.

ISO 21675:2019 PFAS in Water by LC-MS/MS

Native PFAS Reference Standard ISO21675-PFAS-SET

2 x 1 mL (ISO21675-PFAS-R1, PFOA-029S-0.02X)

1 mL 29 comps.

ISO21675-PFAS-R1

2 μg/mL each in MeOH

Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid

Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid

Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid Perfluorohexadecanoic acid Perfluorooctane sulfonamide

N-Methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamide Sulfluramid

N-methylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-ethylperfluoro-1-octanesulfonamidoacetic acid

2H-Perfluoro-2-decenoic acid

Perfluoro(2-methyl-3-oxahexanoic) acid

Perfluorobutane-1-sulfonic acid

Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid Perfluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluorodecane-1-sulfonic acid

1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid Sodium dodecafluoro-3H-4,8-dioxanonanoate

Potassium 9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonate

Bis[2-(perfluorooctyl)ethyl] phosphate

Perfluorooctadecanoic acid (PFODA) PFOA-029S-0.02X

2 µg/mL in MeOH

ISO 25101:2009 PFOS and PFOA in Water by LC-MS

PFOS and PFOA Reference Standard ISO25101 1 mL

10 μg/mL each in MeOH

Perfluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid

2 comps.

Technical Note

Although PFOA and PFOS production has significantly been reduced in recent years, both compounds continue to contaminate water sources due to their environmental persistence. This CRM is offered to test for PFOA and PFOS in drinking water, ground water and surface water using (HPLC-MS/MS.)

NaOH is added for stability to multi-component **PFAS** standards







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The Sigma-Aldrich® portfolio of MilliporeSigma offers a strong and ever-expanding offering of lab and production materials. Through our technical support and scientific partnerships, we help connect our customers with a whole world of progress.

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 $oldsymbol{3}$

Introduction

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) have been in use since the 1940's. Consisting of over 4700 different compounds, PFAS substances are used in almost every facet of modern life.



The utility of these compounds resulted in rapid adoption; and PFAS compounds can now be found in food packaging, cookware, cosmetics, stain repellants, firefighting foams, and are commonly used in many manufacturing processes. While incredibly useful, these compounds also carry a risk to health that we have only recently started to understand clearly.

PFAS compounds are also commonly known as "forever chemicals" which means they do not break down in the environment like other chemicals. This persistence can result in the concentration of these compounds growing to levels that are unsafe for human exposure and negative health effects such as: low infant birth weights, effects on the immune system, cancer, and thyroid hormone disruption.

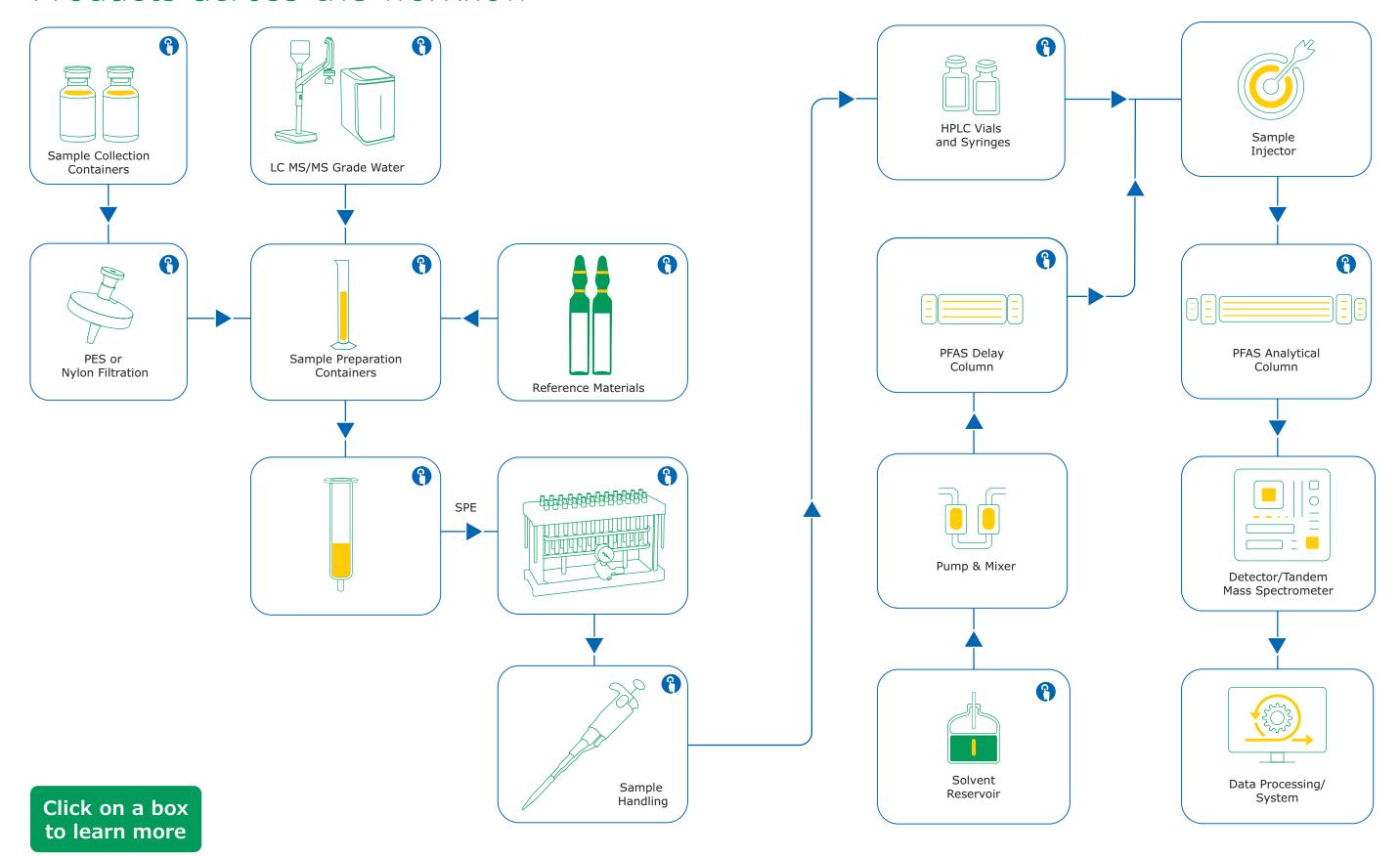
As part of our commitment to making a positive difference by supporting the scientific community with our products; we have focused on the need to deliver quality products, and tools that can be used to more accurately quantify PFAS compounds. Our solutions empower researchers trying to better understanding the effects of PFAS, as well as regulators and labs focused on providing ongoing exposure testing services.

This brochure is intended to provide a comprehensive list of the products that are commonly used in PFAS analysis.

This includes analysis of environmental samples such as water and soil, food and beverage samples as well as serum samples. Wherever PFAS compounds can be found, we are committed to helping scientists accurately quantify these compounds to advance our knowledge and understanding of their impact on society.

Products across the workflow





Products by Method

Chemicals & Columns



Sample Prep and Lab Equipment



Containers



The product categories above list ALL the products for the following methods:

- ASTM 7968
- ASTM 7979
- CDC 6304.09
- CEN TS 15968
- EPA 533
- EPA 537.1
- Products for PFAS Analysis by Method

- EPA 8327
- EPA 1633
- FDA C-010.01
- ISO 21675
- ISO 25101

Have You Considered a Pricing Agreement with us?



Whether you are a researcher trying to develop new methods for the analysis of PFAS compounds or a contract testing lab performing thousands of tests a day; we are here to support you with quality products that ensure you achieve the best precision and accuracy possible.

In addition to delivering products of the highest quality, we also want to make sure the delivery of those products happens on time so that you don't have to worry about down time in your lab(s). The best way to avoid down time is by setting up a pricing agreement with your account manager.

Pricing Agreements provide the following benefits:

- 1. Better pricing across all products
- 2. Flexible delivery options for scheduled orders
- 3. Confidence in your supply chain
- 4. Online ordering profile(s) that automatically import your pricing; which simplifies placing orders.
- 5. Potential discounts on shipping



To set up a pricing agreement, please contact your account manager and they will work with you to get it in place.

Unique Applications



Are you working on a unique application not covered by the promulgated methods covered in this brochure?

Are you struggling with a difficult extraction, poor peak separation, or poor recovery? We can help!

Our global team of experts is happy to work with you across the entire workflow of PFAS analysis. We are set up to help with both new method development as well as troubleshooting existing methods.

Our product specific specialists can help with:



Membrane Filtration



Sample Preparation



Analytical U/HPLC and Delay Columns





Water Purification Systems



Reference Materials



- Applications Lab
- Analytical Technology Specialists

To connect with one of our expert team members about your application, please contact us at SigmaAldrich.com/pfas-contact or contact your local account manager.



PFAS Compounds by Method



Do you have a particular PFAS compound of interest but are not sure what method you should be using for the analysis?

The table below can help point you toward which of the promulgated methods have been SigmaAldrich.com/pfas-contact and we can validated for the named compounds. For any compound not included in this table,

please contact our experts at help you either adapt an existing method or develop a new method for your analysis.

Cat. No	Compound Name	Abbreviation	CASRN	EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327	EPA 1633	OTM 45	ASTM D7968	ASTM D7979	ISO 21675	ISO 25101	CEN- TS-15968	CDC 6304.09	FDA- 010.01	DIN 38414- 14	DIN 38407- 42	DIN 23702-1	DIN 17681-1 (Draft)	DIN 17681-2 (Draft)
43809	Perfluorohexanoic acid	PFHxA	307-24-4	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х				Х	х	х	Х	Х	Х
43929	Perfluorodecanoic acid	PFDA	335-76-2	Х	Х	х	X	X	X	х	X				X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
43996	Perfluoroheptanoic acid	PFHpA	375-85-9	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	X	х	х				Х	Х	Х	х		
68542	Perfluoropentanoic acid	PFPeA	2706-90-3	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	х	X				Х	Х	х	Х		
68706	Pentacosafluorotridecanoic acid		72629-94-8																х	Х
68808	Perfluorobutanoic acid	PFBA	375-22-4	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	х	X				Х	Х	х	Х		
80312	Perfluorotetradecanoic acid	PFTA	376-06-7		Х		Х	Х			Х							Х	Х	Х
80444	Perfluoroundecanoic acid	PFUnA	2058-94-8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	X			Х				Х	Х	Х
89374	Potassium heptadecafluoro-1- octanesulfonate		2795-39-3																Х	×
91977	Perfluorononanoic acid	PFNA	375-95-1	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	X			Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х
92291	Perfluorododecanoic acid	PFDoA	307-55-1	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х	X			Х		-		Х	Х	Х
33607	Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid	PFOS	1763-23-1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х
33824 & 33603	Perfluorooctanoic acid	PFOA	335-67-1	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	Х	х	х			X	Х	Х	Х	Х	×
Coming H2 2022	Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid	HFPO-DA	13252-13-6	Х	Х		х	х			х								Х	х
Coming H2 2022	Perfluoro-n-octadecanoic acid	PFOcDA	16517-11- 6								х									
	1H, 1H, 2H, 2H-perfluorohexane sulfonic acid	4:2 FTS	757124-72-4	Х		Х	х	х												
	1H,1H, 2H, 2H-Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid	8:2FTS	39108-34-4	Х			х													
Coming H2 2022	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoro-2-(1,1,2,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropoxy) propanoic acid	HFPO-DA	62037-80-3												х				х	х
	N-Ethyl-heptadecafluorooctane sulphonamidoethanol	N-Et-FOSE alcohol	1691-99-2				Х	х					Х						х	х
Coming H2 2022	Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid	NFDHA	151772-58-6	х			Х	х												
Coming H2 2022	Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane)sulfonic acid	PFEESA	113507-82-7	Х			х	х												



PFAS Compounds by Method (continued)



Cat. No	Compound Name	Abbreviation	CASRN	EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327	EPA 1633	OTM 45		ASTM D7968	ASTM D7979	ISO 21675	ISO 25101	CEN- TS-15968	CDC 6304.09	FDA- 010.01	DIN 38414- 14	DIN 38407- 42	DIN 23702-1	DIN 17681-1 (Draft)	DIN 17681-2 (Draft)
	8:2 Polyfluoroalkyl phosphate diester	8:2 diPAP	678-41-1									х				0_0.0_				(Drait)	(Draid)
Coming 2023	8:2 Fluorotelomer unsaturated carboxylic acid	8:2 FTUCA	70887-84-2					Х				Х									
Coming 2023	N-ethylperfluorooctanesulfo-namide	N-EtFOSA	4151-50-2				Х	х	-			х		х						х	Х
Coming 2023	Perfluoro-1-decanesulfonic acid	PFDS	335-77-3			х	Х	х				х							,		
Coming 2023	2-perfluorodecyl ethanoic acid	FDEA	53826-13-4							Х	х	х							,		
Coming 2023	Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid	PFMPA	377-73-1	х			Х	х													
Coming 2023	Perfluoro-1-nonanesulfonic acid	PFNS	68259-12-1			х	Х	х													
Coming 2023	Perfluoro-4-methoxybutanoic acid	PFMBA	863090-89-5				Х	х													
Coming 2023	3-Perfluoroheptyl propanoic acid	7:3FTCA	812-70-4				Х	Х													
Coming 2023	Perfluoropentadecanoic acid		141074-63-7							х	х										
Coming 2023	Decafluoro-4-(pentafluoroethyl) cyclohexane sulfonic acid-K salt	PFecHS-K	335-24-0							х	x										
Coming 2023	2-Perfluorooctyl ethanoic acid	FOEA	27854-31-5							х	x										
Coming 2023	2H-Perfluoro-2-octenoic acid	FHUEA	2321-3-19							Х	х										
Coming 2023	Potassium nonafluoro-1- butanesulfonate	PFBS-K	29420-49-3							Х	х										
Coming 2023	Potassium tridecafluorohexanesulfonate	PFHxS-K	3871-99-6							Х	х										
Coming 2023	Decafluoro-4-(pentafluoroethyl) cyclohexane sulfonate	PFecHS-K	67584-42-3						-	Х	Х										
N/A	Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid	PFBS	375-73-5	Х	Х	Х	х	Х		Х	Х	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	×
N/A	Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid	PFHxS	355-46-4	Х	Х	Х	Х	x		Х	Х	х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	×
N/A	1H, 1H, 2H, 2H-perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	6:2 FTS	27619-97-2	х		х	Х	х				х									
N/A	1H, 1H, 2H, 2H-perfluorodecane sulfonic acid	8:2 FTS	39108-34-4			х		х				х								Х	х
N/A	1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorododecane sulfonate (10:2)	10:2 FTS	120226-60-0					х	-												
N/A	9-Chlorohexade-cafluoro-3-oxanon- ane-1-sulfonic acid	9CI-PF3ONS	73606-19-6						-			х				Х					
N/A	4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid	ADONA	919005-14-4	Х	Х		Х	х				х									
N/A	Perfluorooctanesulfo-namide	FOSA	754-91-6					Х				Х						,	Х	X	Х
N/A	N-ethylperfluorooctanesulfon- amidoacetic acid	N-EtFOSAA	2991-50-6		Х		х	Х				х									
N/A	N-methylperfluorooctanesulfo-namide	N-MeFOSA	31506-32-8				Х					Х		Х						X	X
N/A	N-methylperfluorooctanesulfon- amidoacetic acid	N-MeFOSAA	2355-31-9		х		Х	Х				х									



PFAS Compounds by Method (continued)



Cat. No	Compound Name	Abbreviation	CASRN	EPA 53 <u>3</u>	EPA <u>537.1</u>	EPA 8327	EPA 1633	OTM 45	ASTM D7968	ASTM D7979	ISO 21675	ISO 25101	CEN- TS-15968	CDC 6304.09	FDA- 010.01	DIN 38414- 14	DIN 38407- 42	DIN 23702-1	DIN 17681-1 (Draft)	DIN 17681-2 (Draft)
N/A	Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid	PFHpS	375-92-8	х		х	Х	х			х				х					
N/A	Perfluoro-n-hexadecanoic acid	PFHxDA	67905-19 -5					Х			X									
N/A	Perfluorotridecanoic acid	PFTrDA	7269-94-8		Х	х	X	X			Х							Х		
N/A	11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane- 1-sulfonic acid	11Cl-PF3OUdS	763051-92-9	х	х		Х	х							х					
N/A	Perfluoro-n-[13C8] octanoic acid	13C8 PFOA	864071-09-0				Х								Х					
N/A	9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane- 1-sulfonic acd	9CI-PF3ONS	756426-58-1	х	х		х	х												
N/A	N-Methyl-heptadecafluorooctane sulphonamidoethanol	Me-FOSE alcohol	24448-09-7				х	х					Х						Х	х
N/A	Sodium dodecafluoro-3H-4, 8-dioxanonanoate	NaDONA	958445-44-8												х					
N/A	Perfluorooctane sulphonamide	PFOSA	754-91-6				X						х							
N/A	Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid	PFPeS	2706-91-4	Х		Х	Х	Х							Х					
N/A	Perfluorododecanesulfonic acid	PFDoS	79780-39-5				Х	Х												
N/A	3-Perfluoropropyl propanoic acid	3:3FTCA	356-02-5				Х	Х												1
N/A	2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid	5:3FTCA	914637-49-3		,		Х	Х									,			
N/A	Ammonium perfluorocaprilate		3825-26-1																Х	X
N/A	Sodium pentadecafluorooctanoate		335-95-5																Х	Х
N/A	potassium perfluorooctanoate		2395-00-8																Х	Х
N/A	pentadecafluoro-octanoic acid		335-93-3																Х	Х
N/A	METHYL PERFLUOROOCTANOATE		376-27-2														·		Х	Х
N/A	ethyl perfluorooctanoate		3108-24-5																Х	Х
N/A	2,2,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,8,8,8-tridecafluoro- 3,7-bis(trifluoromethyl)octanoic acid	pc1214	172155-07-6																Х	х
N/A	2-aminotoluene-5-sulfonic acid		34598-33-9																Х	Х
N/A	heptadecafluoro-1-octanesulfonic acid lithium salt		29457-72-5																Х	х
N/A	Ammonium perfluorooctylsulfonate		29081-56-9													·			Х	Х
N/A	bis(2-hydroxyethyl)ammonium perfluorooctanesulfonate		70225-14-8																Х	х
N/A	Heptadecafluorooctanesulfonic acid tetraethylammonium salt		56773-42-3																Х	х
N/A	2-(Perfluorooctyl)ethanol		678-39-7																Х	Х
N/A	1H,1H,2H,2H-Heptadecafluorodecyl acrylate		27905-45-9																х	Х
N/A	perfluorooctylsulfonylfluoride/Fc-8		307-35-7																х	Х
N/A	2-(Perfluorooctyl)ethyl methacrylate		1996-88-9																Х	Х
N/A	potassium 2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2- (heptafluoropropoxy)propionate		67118-55-2																х	Х



Products by Promulgated Methods



If you are using a promulgated method, the chances are VERY high that we have everything you need for the analysis.

The following pages list all of the potential products needed for the promulgated methods listed below, sorted into 3 categories: Columns and Chemicals, Lab Equipment and Sample Prep supplies and Containers.

To find the products listed on **SigmaAldrich.com**, simply click on the catalogue number listed in the left column.

The methods covered in the tables are:

- ASTM 7968
- ASTM 7979
- CDC 6304.09
- CEN TS 15968
- EPA 533
- EPA 537.1
- EPA 8327

- EPA 1633
- FDA C-010.01
- ISO 21675
- ISO 25101

If you are using a promulgated method we have not listed here, please contact us so that we can add that method to the next version of this brochure.

Chemicals and Columns by Method

Cat. No	Part Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2010	EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846 EPA 1633	FDA C-010.01	ISO 21675	ISO 215101
900667	Acetonitrile for UHPLC, suitable for mass spectrometry (MS)	8.12 & 11.1	7.1, 8.12 & 11.2	6.b.2				7.3.1	2019.4	6.3	
1.03725	Acetonitrile for UHPLC-MS LiChrosolv®	8.12 & 11.1	7.1, 8.12 & 11.2	6.b.2				7.3.1	2019.4	6.3	
900688	Methanol UHPLC, suitable for mass spectrometry (MS)	8.13, 11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	8.13 & 13.4	6.b.3 & 6.b.4	6.3.1, 6.4.5, 9.1 & 9.3	11.4	11.3 & 11.7	7.3.3, B7.3.1	2019.4	6.6	5.5
1.03726	Methanol for UHPLC-MS LiChrosolv®	8.13, 11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	8.13 & 13.4	6.b.3 & 6.b.4	6.3.1, 6.4.5, 9.1 & 9.3	11.4	11.3 & 11.7	7.3.3, B7.3.1	2019.4	6.6	5.5
AX1222	Ammonium acetate HPLC, meets ACS specifications	6.2.1 & B6.1	7.1 & 8.14		6.4.3	11.3	11.7		2019.4	6.5 & 6.10	5.4
5.43834	Ammonium acetate for HPLC LiChropur™	8.14 & 11.1	7.1 & 8.14		6.4.3	11.3	11.7		2019.4	6.5 & 6.10	5.4
73594	Ammonium acetate suitable for mass spectrometry (MS), LiChropur $^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}$	8.14 & 11.1	7.1 & 8.14		6.4.3	11.3	11.7	7.3.6	2019.4	6.5 & 6.10	5.4
5.33004	Ammonium acetate for LC-MS LiChropur™	8.14 & 11.1	7.1 & 8.14		6.4.3	11.3	11.7	7.3.6	2019.4	6.5 & 6.10	5.4
695092	Acetic acid glacial, ACS reagent, ≥99.7%	8.15, 11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	8.15 & 13.6			11.3					
33209	Acetic acid glacial, puriss. p.a., ACS reagent, reag. ISO, reag. Ph. Eur., \geq 99.8%	8.15, 11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	8.15 & 13.6			11.3					
45754	Acetic acid solution suitable for HPLC	8.15, 11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	8.15 & 13.6	6.b.1		11.3		7.3.7, B7.3.2		6.2	5.2
5.43808	Acetic acid 100% for HPLC LiChropur™	8.15, 11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	8.15 & 13.6	6.b.1		11.3		7.3.7, B7.3.2		6.2	5.2
650447	2-Propanol HPLC Plus, for HPLC, GC, and residue analysis, 99.9%	8.16 & 11.2	8.16 & 11.2								
102781	2-Propanol hypergrade for LC-MS LiChrosolv®	8.16 & 11.2	8.16 & 11.2					7.3.4			
AX1303	Ammonium Hydroxide Meets ACS Specifications	8.17 & 13.4	8.17 & 13.5			11.4	7.2			6.4	5.3
AX1308	Ammonium Hydroxide OmniTrace® Ultra	8.17 & 13.4	8.17 & 13.5	6.b.1		11.4	7.2	7.3.5	2019.4	6.4	5.3
1.03728	Water for UHPLC-MS LiChrosolv®	11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	7.1	6.b.1 & 6.b.4			11.4	B7.2	2019.4	6.1	5.1
900682	Water for UHPLC, suitable for mass spectrometry (MS)	11.1, 12.2 & 13.4	7.1	6.b.1 & 6.b.4			11.4	B7.2	2019.4	6.1	5.1
1.99001	Buffer solution (potassium hydrogen phthalate), traceable to SRM from NIST and PTB pH 4.01 (25°C) Certipur®			6.b.1							
00940	Formic acid for LC-MS LiChropur™, 97.5-98.5% (T)			6.b.5	6.4.4				2019.4		
RDD007	Sodium phosphate monobasic anhydrous, free-flowing, Redi- Dri™, ≥99.0%					11.4					
795410	Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous, free-flowing, Redi-Dri™, ACS reagent, ≥99%					11.4					
T7193	Trizma® Pre-set crystals BioPerformance Certified, pH 7.0, average Mw 154.8						11.3				





Chemicals and Columns by Method (continued)



Cat. No	Part Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2010	EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846	EPA 1633	FDA C-010.01	ISO 21675	ISO 215101
Z273228	Alconox® detergent 0.5 oz packs							B6.4				
242985	Alconox® detergent bulk packed							B6.4				
217247	Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate ACS reagent, ≥99.5%											5.12
13479	Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate puriss., meets analytical specification of Ph. Eur., BP, USP											5.12
31623	Silicon dioxide washed and calcined, analytical reagent	8.18 & 12.6										
53572-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS Delay, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 3.0 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.3	2019.8	5.2 & 9.3	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53573-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS Delay, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 4.6 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.3	2019.8	5.2 & 9.3	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53559-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 10 cm \times 2.1 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53560-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 15 cm \times 2.1 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53557-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 2.1 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53562-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 25 cm \times 2.1 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53563-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 3.0 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53564-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 10 cm \times 3.0 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53565-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 15 cm \times 3.0 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
53570-U	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column L \times I.D. 25 cm \times 3.0 mm	11.1	7.1	6.d.x	Annex A	6.12 & 11.6	11.7	6.1.2	6.10.2	2019.8	5.2, 9.3 & Annex B	6.8, Annex B & Annex C
1.52022	Chromolith $^{\! \otimes}$ HighResolution RP-18 endcapped 100-4.6 HPLC column			6.d.2					6.10.2			
1.52025	Chromolith® HighResolution RP-18 endcapped 5-4.6 guard cartridges (3 pieces)			6.d.3					6.10.3			
1.52032	Chromolith® 5-4.6 guard cartridge holder			6.d.x								
1.52020	Chromolith® HighResolution RP-18 endcapped 25-4.6 HPLC column			6.d.4					6.10.2			
1.52321	Chromolith® HighResolution RP-18 endcapped L \times I.D. 50 mm \times 2 mm HPLC column			6.d.x					6.10.2			
1.52322	Chromolith® HighResolution RP-18 endcapped L \times I.D. 100 mm \times 2 mm HPLC column			6.d.x					6.10.2			
581300-U	Ascentis® C18 HPLC Column 3 μm particle size, L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 2.1 mm					6.12 & 11.6			6.10.2			
150651	Purospher® STAR RP-18 endcapped (3µm) Hibar® HR 50-2.1 suitable for UHPLC					6.12 & 11.6			6.10.2			
581304-U	Ascentis® C18 HPLC Column 5 μm particle size, L \times I.D. 15 cm \times 2.1 mm						11.7		6.10.2			
53569-U	Ascentis® Express F5, 2.7 μm HPLC Column 2.7 μm particle size, L \times I.D. 10 cm \times 2.1 mm								6.10.2		Annex E	





Equipment & Sample Prep by Method



Cat. No	Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2010	EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846	EPA 1633	FDA C-010.01	ISO 21675	ISO 215101
109535	pH-indicator strips pH 0 - 14 Universal indicator. Accuracy: 1 pH unit, for use with MQuant® StripScan App	8.7 & 13.4	8.8						6.3.12		7.15	
SLPBDZ5	Millex®-PB Filter, 1.0 μm, Glass Fiber, 25 mm, nonsterile										Annex G.3.2	
SLGP033N	Millex®-GP Filter, 0.22 μm, PES, 33 mm, nonsterile	7.5 & 13.4	7.3 & 13.6					6.2.3.3, B6.3.1	6.4.2			
SLGN033	Millex®-GN Filter, 0.20 μm, Nylon, 33 mm, nonsterile								6.4.2	2019.8		
SLGNDZ5	Millex®-GN Filter, 0.20 μm, Nylon, 25 mm, nonsterile								6.4.2			
WHA10370019	Whatman® glass microfiber filters with inorganic binder, Grade GF 6 diam. 47 mm $$								6.4.3			
SLGNX13	Millex®-GN Filter, 0.20 μm, Nylon, 13 mm, nonsterile									2019.8		
WHAUN203NPENYL	L Whatman® Mini-UniPrep® syringeless filters Nylon, 0.2 μm, 100/pk									2019.8		
57225-U	Supelclean™ENVI™-Chrom P SPE Tube bed wt. 250 mg, volume 6 mL, pk of 30				6.2 & 9.3						6.12 & 7.3	5.10 & Annex A
57226	Supelclean™ENVI™-Chrom P SPE Tube bed wt. 500 mg, volume 6 mL, pk of 30				6.2 & 9.3		11.4					5.10 & Annex A
54056-U	Supelclean™ ENVI-WAX SPE Cartridges, bed wt. 200 mg, volume 6 mL, pk of 30				6.2 & 9.3	6.8 & 11.4			6.7.1	2019.8	6.12 & 7.3	6.2 & Annex A
54057-U	Supelclean™ ENVI-WAX SPE Cartridges, bed wt. 500 mg, volume 6 mL, pk of 30				6.2 & 9.3	6.8 & 11.4				2019.8	6.12 & 7.3	6.2 & Annex A
57491-U	Supel™ Swift HLB SPE Tubes weight 200 mg (bed), volume 6 mL, pk of 30 ea				6.2 & 9.3							6.2 & Annex A
57143	Supelclean™ENVI™-Chrom P SPE Tube bed wt. 100 mg, volume 1 mL, pk of 108										6.12 & 7.3	
57062	Supelclean $^{\text{TM}}$ ENVI $^{\text{TM}}\text{-}18$ SPE Tube bed wt. 100 mg, volume 1 mL, pk of 108											6.2 & Annex A
57064	Supelclean™ ENVI™-18 SPE Tube bed wt. 500 mg, volume 6 mL, pkg of 30 ea											6.2 & Annex A
57224	Supelclean™ENVI™-Chrom P SPE Tube bed wt. 250 mg, volume 3 mL, pk of 54											5.10 & Annex A
54258-U	Large Volume SPE Reservoir polypropylene body, for use with 6 mL polypropylene SPE tubes, volume 25 mL, pk of 30										7.4	
57030-U	Visiprep™ SPE Vacuum Manifold standard, 12-port model					11.4	11.4		6.7.2		7.5	6.3
57250-U	Visiprep™ SPE Vacuum Manifold standard, 24-port model					11.4	11.4		6.7.2		7.5	6.3
55295-U	Supel [™] QuE Non-Buffered Tube 2, pk of 50									2019.4		
55464-U	Supel $^{\text{TM}}$ QuE PSA/ENVI-Carb Tube 2, pk of 50, suitable for EN 15662:2008 per BS, centrifuge tube volume 15 mL , Shaker Compatible									2019.4		
Z135003	Transfer pipette, polyethylene, general purpose, standard, bulb draw 3.2 mL, non-sterile	6.6 & 8.11	8.11				11.5	6.2.3.3, B6.3.1				
Z740106	BRAND® pipette tips, racked, TipBox, volume 2-200 μL, non-sterile, pack of 480 ea (5 boxes of 96)	8.10	8.10					6.2.3.3, B6.3.1	6.6.2		7.2	
Z740030	BRAND® pipette tips, bulk, volume 2-200 μ L, pack of 1000 ea (1 bag of 1000)	8.10	8.10						6.6.2		7.2	
CLS4863	Corning® universal fit racked pipet tips, 1-200 µL, natural, non-sterile, 10 racks/case, 960 tips/case		8.10								7.2	
CLS4844	Corning® universal fit bulk pipet tips, 1-200 µL, natural, non-sterile, 1000 tips/bag, 10,000 tips/case		8.10						6.6.2		7.2	







Equipment & Sample Prep by Method (continued)



Cat. No	Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2010 EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846	EPA 1633 FDA C-01	0.01 ISO 21675	ISO 215101
Z709972	Sartorius pipette tips, volume range 10-1000 μL , standard, refill, non-sterile		8.10						7.2	
CLS4867	Corning® universal fit racket pipet tips, 100-1000 μ L, blue, non-sterile, 10 racks/case, 1000 tips/case		8.10						7.2	
CLS4868	Corning $^{\!8}$ universal fit bulk pipet tips, 100-1000 μL , blue, non-sterile, 1000 tips/bag, 1000 tips/case		8.10					6.6.2	7.2	
Z741648	Sartorius pipette tips, volume range 100-5000 μL , Standard, rack, non-sterile		8.10					6.6.2	7.2	
Z741650	Sartorius pipette tips, volume range 100-5000 μL , Standard, bulk, non-sterile		8.10					6.6.2	7.2	
Z740447	Eppendorf® Reference® 2 Variable Volume Pipettor, 0.1–2.5 µL, 0.5–10 µL, 10–100 µL, 100–1,000 µL, pack of 4 ea			6.d.6			6.2.1, B6.1	6.6.2, 6.6.4		
CLS4071	Corning® Lambda® plus single channel pipettor, volume 0.5-10 μ L			6.d.6			6.2.1, B6.1	6.6.2, 6.6.4		
CLS4072	Corning® Lambda® plus single channel pipettor, volume 2-20 μL			6.d.6			6.2.1, B6.1	6.6.2, 6.6.4		
CLS4073	Corning $^{\rm 8}$ Lambda $^{\rm 8}$ plus single channel pipettor, volume 10-100 μL			6.d.6			6.2.1, B6.1	6.6.2, 6.6.4		
CLS4074	Corning® Lambda® plus single channel pipettor, volume 20-200 μL			6.d.6			6.2.1, B6.1	6.6.2, 6.6.4		
CLS4075	Corning® Lambda® plus single channel pipettor, volume 100-1000 μL			6.d.6			6.2.1, B6.1	6.6.2, 6.6.4		
Z740099	BRAND® pipette tips, racked, TipBox, volume 0.1-20 μ L, nonsterile, pack of 480 ea (5 boxes of 96)			6.d.6			6.2.3.3, B6.3.1	6.6.2		
Z740108	BRAND® pipette tips, racked, TipBox, volume 50-1000 $\mu L,$ non-sterile, pack of 480 ea (5 boxes of 96)			6.d.6			6.2.3.3, B6.3.1	6.6.2		
AXYAP5000ALT	Corning® Axygen® Axypet® Single Channel Pipetor, volume (1-5 mL), ISO17025, Calibration 3x4							6.6.2, 6.6.4		
Z627992	Pasteur pipettes, short capillary tip, approx 2 mL withdraw volume, soda-lime glass							6.6.3		
CLS7095B5X	Corning® Pasteur pipettes, non-sterile, L 5 3/4 in. (146 mm), standard tip, soda lime							6.6.3		
Z683620	Syringe PP/PE without needle, luer lock tip, centered, capacity 20 mL, graduated, 1 mL, non-sterile						6.2.3.3, B6.3.1			
Z760293	Ohaus $^{\rm M}$ MB-23 and MB-25 moisture analyzers, model MB23, AC/DC input 110 V AC							6.3.6.1		
Z743924	Ohaus® Explorer® semi-micro analytical balance, model EX125D, weighing capacity 51 or 120 g, Precision 0.01 0.1 mg, AC/DC input 110 V, US 3-pin plug							6.3.7.1		
Z760420	Ohaus® Explorer® analytical balance, model EX124, weighing capacity 120 g, precision: 0.1 mg, AC/DC input 110 V AC							6.3.7.2		
Z185159	Aluminum foil W \times L 18 in. \times 500 ft, thickness 0.001 in.							6.3.8		
Z561762	Disposable smartSpatula®, L 140 mm, white, anti-static, micro							6.3.9		
Z560057	Disposable smartSpatula®, L 310 mm, green, macro							6.3.9		
Z742705	BenchMixer™ XLQ QuEChERs Shaker/Vortexer, AC/DC input 115 V AC, US 2-pin plug							6.3.13		
Z742300	RotoBot™ Programmable Rotator, AC/DC input 115 V AC (US plug)							6.3.16		
20411	Glass Wool, Silanized, pkg of 50 g							6.4.1		
Z683582	Syringe PP/PE without needle, luer lock tip, centered, capacity 5 mL, graduated, 0.2 mL, non-sterile							6.6.1 2019.8		







Equipment & Sample Prep by Method (continued)



Cat. No	Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2010	EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846	EPA 1633	FDA C-010.01	ISO 21675	ISO 215101
22971	Six Port Mini-Vap Evaporator/Concentrator, Mini-Vap L \times W 7 1/2 in. (19 cm) \times 1 1/2 in. (4 cm), for use with 1-250 mL containers, pkg of 1 ea								6.8.1		7.9	6.6
23029-U	Replacement needles for 6 port Mini-Vap, stainless steel, pkg of 6 ea								6.8.1		7.9	6.6
Z765503	Benchmixer™ XL multi-tube vortexer, AC/DC input 115 V AC									2019.8		
57100-U	Visidry [™] Drying Attachment for use with Visiprep 12-port model										7.9	
57124	Visidry™ Drying Attachment for use with Visiprep 24-port model										7.9	

Containers by Method

Cat. No	Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2010	FPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846	EPA 1633	FDA C-010.01	ISO 21675	ISO 215101
29654-U	Certified Vial Kit, Low Adsorption (LA), 2 mL, pk of 100, volume 2 mL, amber glass vial (with marking spot), natural PTFE/silicone septa (with slit), thread for 9 mm	8.4, 12.2 & 13.4	8.4	CDC 0304.09	CEN 13 13900-2010			ETA 0327 / 3W-040	EFA 1033	- 1 DA C-010.01	130 210/3	130 213101
B9532	Nalgene® bottles, style 2105, capacity 30 mL	10.1	4.2 & 10.1									
Z376795	Disposable culture tubes, polypropylene tube								6.3.15			
T2318	Greiner centrifuge tubes, 50 mL, 30×115 mm, conical (V) bottom, w/ graduations, I.D. field	8.8	8.7					6.2.3.3, B6.3.1	6.5.2	2019.8		
CLS430829	Corning® 50 mL centrifuge tubes, polypropylene, conical bottom w/ CentriStar cap, bulk packed, sterile, natural, 500/cs	8.8	8					6.2.3.3, B6.3.1	6.5.2	2019.8		
T1943	Greiner centrifuge tubes, 15 mL, $17x120$ mm, conical (V) bottom, w/ graduation, I.D. field	8.8, 12.6 & 13.3	8.7 & 13.3			11.4	11.5	6.2.3.3, B6.3.1		2019.8	7.6	
CLS430791	Corning® 15 mL centrifuge tubes, polypropylene, conical bottom w/ CentriStar cap, sterile, natural, 500/cs	8.8, 12.6 & 13.3	8.7 & 13.3			11.4	11.5	6.2.3.3, B6.3.1		2019.8	7.6	
Z511501	Kimax® heavy-duty wide-mouth, large numbers volumetric flasks - CLASS A, capacity 10 mL	8.9	8.9									
CLS563110	Pyrex® certified and serialized micro volumetric flask, with Pyrex® stopper, capacity $10\ \text{mL}$	8.9	8.9									
B9532	Nalgene® bottles, style 2105, capacity 30 mL	10.1	4.2 & 10.1									
CLS56405	Pyrex® volumetric flask, class A with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 5 mL		8.9									
CLS564010	Pyrex® volumetric flask, class A with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 10 mL		8.9									
DWK92812G-5	KIMBLE® KIMAX® Heavy duty volumetric wide-mouth flask with glass stopper, glass flask, flask capacity (5 mL), class A		8.9									
CLS5641P10	Corning® reusable volumetric flask, Class B, polypropylene, size 10 mL, with 10/19 tapered PP stopper				6.2						7.7	6.4
CLS5641P50	Corning® reusable volumetric flask, Class B, polypropylene, size 50 mL, with 12/21 tapered PP stopper				6.2						7.7	6.4
CLS5641P100	Corning® reusable volumetric flask, Class B, polypropylene, size 100 mL, with 14/23 tapered PP stopper				6.2						7.7	6.4
CLS5641P500	Corning® reusable volumetric flask, Class B, polypropylene, size 500 mL, with 19/26 tapered PP stopper				6.2						7.7	6.4
B9907	Nalgene® bottles, style 2105, capacity 250 mL					11.1	11.3					
B0158	Nalgene® bottles, style 2105, capacity 500 mL					11.1	11.3					
B0283	Nalgene® bottles, style 2105, capacity 1,000 mL					11.1	11.3					
Z327549	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 25 mL, blue graduations						11.3					





Containers by Method (continued)



Cat. No	Description	ASTM 7968	ASTM 7979	CDC 6304.09	CEN-TS 15968-2	2010 EPA 533	EPA 537.1	EPA 8327 / SW-846	EPA 1633	FDA C-010.01	ISO 21675	ISO 215101
Z327565	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 50 mL, blue graduations						11.3					
Z327581	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 100 mL, blue graduations						11.3					
Z327670	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 1,000 mL, blue graduations						11.3					
TMO312006- 9125	Nalgene $^{\rm @}$ diagnostic bottle, natural polypropylene copolymer, volume 4 mL, case of 2000 ea						11.4					
B7657	Nalgene® bottles, style 2002, capacity 125 mL								6.1.1.1			
B6660	Nalgene® bottles, style 2114, capacity 500 mL								6.1.1.1 & 6.1.1.2			
B6535	Nalgene® bottles, style 2114, capacity 250 mL								6.1.1.1			
B9282	Nalgene® bottles, style 2104, capacity 500 mL								6.1.1.2			
B9032	Nalgene® bottles, style 2104, capacity 125 mL								6.1.1.3			
Z261076	Nalgene® PassPort™ IP2 bottles, Narrow-mouth, capacity 60 mL								6.3.11			
B6285	Nalgene® bottles, style 2114, capacity 60 mL								6.3.11			
CLS568010	Pyrex® volumetric flask, certified and serialized, with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 10 mL								6.3.14			
CLS568025	Pyrex® volumetric flask, certified and serialized, with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 25 mL								6.3.14			
CLS568050	Pyrex® volumetric flask, certified and serialized, with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 50 mL								6.3.14			
CLS5680100	Pyrex® volumetric flask, certified and serialized, with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 100 mL								6.3.14			
CLS5680200	Pyrex® volumetric flask, certified and serialized, with Pyrex® ST stopper, capacity 200 mL								6.3.14			
Z376795	Disposable culture tubes, polypropylene tube								6.3.15			
B8157	Nalgene® bottles, style 2006, capacity 60 mL										7.1	
B8282	Nalgene® bottles, style 2006, capacity 125 mL										7.1	
B8407	Nalgene® bottles, style 2006, capacity 250 mL										7.1	
B8532	Nalgene® bottles, style 2006, capacity 500 mL										7.1	
B8657	Nalgene® bottles, style 2006, capacity 1,000 mL										7.1	
CLS3022P50	Corning® reusable graduated cylinder, single metric scale with funnel top, polypropylene, "to contain", size 50 mL										7.8	
Z327557	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 50 mL										7.8	
CLS3022P100	Corning® reusable graduated cylinder, single metric scale with funnel top, polypropylene, "to contain", size 100 mL										7.8	
Z327573	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 100 mL										7.8	
CLS3022P500	Corning® reusable graduated cylinder, single metric scale with funnel top, polypropylene, "to contain", size 500 mL										7.8	6.5
Z327638	BRAND® graduated cylinder, PP, with blue printed scale or embossed scale, volume 500 mL										7.8	6.5
CLS1500P1L	Corning® narrow mouth reagent bottle, reusable, capacity 1 L polypropylene, with GL-63 PP screw cap											6.1





Notable Products for PFAS Testing



The following pages provide technical information on the products that have been specifically evaluated for use in PFAS testing.

Filters

Higher particulate samples, such as wastewater, may require a filtration step before analysis. Millipore EXPRESS Polyethersulfone (PES) membranes, in either a Millex® syringe filter or cut disc format, can enable testing of these more complex matrices. Three lots of nonsterile PES Millex syringe filters were tested for

PFAS extractables (**Table 1**). For all compounds tested, PFAS extractables were not detected (**Table 2**). The analytes tested include all analytes in EPA 537.1 and SW-846 Method 8327 and the majority of analytes in ASTM D7979-19 and ISO 21675.

Table 1. Nonsterile PES Millex syringe filters included in PFAS extractable analysis. Note, larger pack sizes are available.

Cat. No.	Diameter	Pore Size	# Lots Analyzed
SLGP033NS	33mm	0.22 μm	3
SLHP033NS	33mm	0.45 µm	3

Table 2. PFAS Compounds Analyzed in Nonsterile PES Millex syringe filter extractable study. All compounds were below the minimum detection limit (MDL) of the study.

Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid		Abbonistas	MDL	504 F274	ASTM	SW-846	ISO
Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid	Compound	Abbreviation	(ppb)	EPA 537.1	D7979-19	Method 8327	21675
Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid							
Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid							X
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid				X	X		X
Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid				X	X	Х	X
Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid				X	X	X	X
Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid	Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid			X	X	X	X
Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid				X	X	X	X
Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid	Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid	PFUnDA	0.0010	X	X	X	X
Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid	Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid	PFDoDA	0.0010	X	X	X	X
Perfluoro-n-butanesulfonic acid	Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid	PFTrDA	0.0010	X	X	X	X
Perfluoro-n-pentanesulfonic acid	Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid	PFTeDA	0.0010	X	X	Х	X
Perfluoro-n-hexanesulfonic acid PFHXS 0.0020 x x x x x px	Perfluoro-n-butanesulfonic acid	PFBS	0.0020	X	X	Х	X
Perfluoro-n-heptanesulfonic acid	Perfluoro-n-pentanesulfonic acid	PFPeS	0.0020			Х	
Perfluoro-n-octanesulfonic acid PFOS 0.0020 x x x x x x perfluoro-nonanesulfonic acid perfluoro-nonanesulfonic aci	Perfluoro-n-hexanesulfonic acid	PFHxS	0.0020	Х	Х	Х	Х
Perfluoro-n-nonanesulfonic acid PFNS 0.0020 x Perfluoro-n-decanesulfonic acid PFDS 0.0020 x x 4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid 4:2 FTS 4:2 FTSA 0.0020 x x 6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid 6:2 FTS 6:2 FTSA 0.0020 x x 8:2 FTSA 0.0020 x x x Perfluorooctanesulfonamide PFOSA/FOSA 0.0020 x x N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-MeFOSAA 0.0040 x x N-ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-EtFOSAA 0.0040 x x 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid Gen-X HFPO-DA 0.0020 x x 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluoronanoic acid ADONA DONA 0.0020 x X	Perfluoro-n-heptanesulfonic acid	PFHpS	0.0020			Х	×
Perfluoro-n-decanesulfonic acid PFDS 0.0020 x x 4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid 4:2 FTS 4:2 FTSA 0.0020 x 6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid 6:2 FTS 6:2 FTSA 0.0020 x x 8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid 8:2 FTS 8:2 FTSA 0.0020 x x Perfluorooctanesulfonamide PFOSA/FOSA 0.0020 x x N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-MeFOSAA 0.0040 x x N-ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-EtFOSAA 0.0040 x x Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid Gen-X HFPO-DA 0.0020 x x 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid ADONA DONA 0.0020 x x	Perfluoro-n-octanesulfonic acid	PFOS	0.0020	Х	X	Х	×
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N-methyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-MeFOSAA 0.0040 x x N-ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid N-EtFOSAA 0.0040 x x X Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid Gen-X HFPO-DA 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid ADONA DONA 0.0020 x 9-Chloropeyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid	Perfluorooctanesulfonamide	PFOSA/FOSA	0.0020			Х	Х
N-ethyl Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid Gen-X HFPO-DA 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid ADONA DONA 9-Chloropheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid 9-Chloropheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid 9-Chloropheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid		N-MeFOSAA	0.0040			Х	Х
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid Gen-X HFPO-DA 0.0020 x 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid ADONA DONA 9-Chloropheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid 9-Chloropheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N-EtFOSAA	0.0040				Х
4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid 4,8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid ADONA DONA 9-Chlorobeyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid 9-Cl-PE3ONS	•	Gen-X					
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9-Chloroheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid 9CI-PE3ONS	4.8-Dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid						
9-Chloroheyadecafluoro-3-oyanone-1-sulfonic acid 9CI-PE3ONS	.,		- 0.0020	0.0020		X	
0.000	9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonic acid						
F-53B Major X			0.0020		X		
11-Chloropicosafluoro-3-ovaundecane-1-sulfonic acid 11CL-PE30LIdS	11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid						
F-53B Minor 0.0020	21 SS. SS. SSSSANGOTO S OXAGING COMP 1 SUNOTHE GOLD		- 0.0020				



Read the full application note here

Sample Preparation Products

Optimized sample cleanup and concentration is vital to achieve accurate and precise results. We offer vacuum manifolds, solid phase extraction (SPE) cartridges, and large volume samplers manufactured to high quality specifications to support your PFAS sample preparation needs (**Figure 1**).



Figure 1. Visiprep™ large volume samplers, Supelclean™ SPE cartridges, and Visiprep™ vacuum manifolds provide a complete sample preparation solution for PFAS analysis.

Supelclean™ SPE Cartridges

Cat. No	Description
57226	Supelclean™ ENVI™ Chrom P SPE Cartridges, 500 mg
57239-U	Supelclean $^{\text{TM}}$ ENVI $^{\text{TM}}$ Chrom P SPE Cartridges, 500 mg for use with Gerstel $^{\text{8}}$ MPS
54057-U	Supelclean™ ENVI™ WAX™ SPE Cartridges, 500 mg
54056-U	Supelclean™ ENVI™ WAX™ SPE Cartridges, 200 mg

Visiprep™ Vacuum Manifolds

Cat. No	Description
57030-U	Standard, 12-port model
57250-U	Standard, 24-port model

Large Volume SPE Reservoir

Cat. No	Description
54258-U	Large Volume SPE Reservoir, polypropylene body, for use with 6 mL polypropylene SPE tubes, volume 25 mL, pk of 30

Visiprep™ Vacuum Manifolds

The Visiprep[™] system contains a patented valve system that allows for precise flow control through each SPE tube via rotating, independent, screw-type valves situated in each port within the manifold cover. Visiprep[™] vacuum manifolds allow you to process up to 12 (12-port version) or 24 (24-port version) PFAS samples simultaneously.

Supelclean™ SPE Cartridges

Multiple regulatory methods, such as EPA 537 and 533, detail the extraction of PFAS analytes from drinking water using SPE cartridges followed by analysis by LC/TQ. Most commonly, weak anion exchange (WAX) cartridges, such as Supelclean™ ENVI-WAX SPE cartridges, are used due to their ability to extract

both short and long-chain PFAS analytes with good recoveries as seen in EPA 533 and ISO methods. EPA 537 uses a polystyrene divinylbenzene (PS-DVB) cartridge, such as a Supelclean™ ENVI™-Chrom P SPE cartridge, which offers high recoveries for medium and long-chain PFAS analytes.

Large Volume SPE Reservoirs

Large volume SPE reservoirs are designed to increase the headspace volume of standard polypropylene SPE tubes. Because these reservoirs are designed to connect directly to the mouth of the SPE tube, they are ideal for gravity applications where increased headspace volume is required.

The reservoirs are designed for use with 6 mL polypropylene SPE tubes and add an additional headspace volume of 25 mL.



Columns

The HPLC column of choice for PFAS analysis by LC-MS/(MS) is a C18 column based on fully porous silica particles (FPP) such as Ascentis[®] C18 and Purospher[™] STAR RP-18 endcapped, monolithic Chromolith[®] columns for every matrix-rich samples, or on superficially porous silica particles (SPP) such as Ascentis[®] Express.

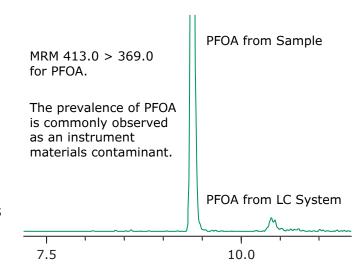
In contrast to ordinary FPP C18 columns Ascentis® Express PFAS columns are tested using a PFAS compound mixture. This ensures the full suitability of the column for PFAS analysis.

The contamination of PFAS compounds from the HPLC system and materials used in analytics is a concern. Therefore, it is recommended to use a delay column, which is placed before injection in the system set-up

The highly retentive endcapped silane of the Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay column provides high retention of PFAS compounds across various mobile phase conditions and is used to delay background instrument PFAS contamination from interference with analyzed samples. For this reason, the Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay column is placed upstream of the sample injector and after the mixer.

The new Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC column is designed for the separation of novel and legacy short chain and long chain PFAS compounds containing branched and linear isomers, whilst adhering to EPA methodology requirements. The Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC column, with its Fused-Core® technology and a particle size of 2.7 µm, delivers fast and high-resolution separations with excellent selectivity, peak shape, and necessary retention to perform in EPA methods 537.1, 533 and 8327.

Furthermore, a specific PFAS delay column prevents background PFAS contamination from interfering with the sample results in quantitative LC-MS methods.



Cat. No	Description	Cat. No	Description			
Analytical C	olumn	Corresponding Delay Column	Corresponding Delay Column			
Ascentis® Ex	rpress 90 Å PFAS, 2.7 μm HPLC Column	Ascentis® Express 90 Å PFAS Delay, 2.7 μm HPLC Column				
53557-U	L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 2.1 mm	53572-U	L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 3.0 mm			
53559-U	L × I.D. 10 cm × 2.1 mm	53572-U	L × I.D. 5 cm × 3.0 mm			
53560-U	L \times I.D. 15 cm \times 2.1 mm	53572-U	L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 3.0 mm			
53562-U	L \times I.D. 25 cm \times 2.1 mm	53572-U	L \times I.D. 5 cm \times 3.0 mm			
53563-U	L × I.D. 5 cm × 3.0 mm	53573-U	L × I.D. 5 cm × 4.6 mm			
53564-U	L × I.D. 10 cm × 3.0 mm	53573-U	L × I.D. 5 cm × 4.6 mm			
53565-U	L × I.D. 15 cm × 3.0 mm	53573-U	L × I.D. 5 cm × 4.6 mm			
53570-U	L × I.D. 25 cm × 3.0 mm	53573-U	L × I.D. 5 cm × 4.6 mm			

Read the related application note





Solvents



We are committed to providing our customers with the widest selection of high purity solvents, specifically designed to deliver the ultimate performance for UHPLC-MS, LC-MS, and HPLC Analysis. For solvents that are ready to be used for PFAS analysis; we have products available from both the Supelco® and Sigma-Aldrich® product lines.

Our advanced UHPLC-MS LiChrosolv® solvents have been designed to meet the highest requirements of UHPLC-MS in quality control for environmental, clinical, food or industrial testing applications.

Our Sigma-Aldrich® solvents were designed originally for academic and research applications but maintain an excellent level of quality control and in both internal as well as 3rd party testing have been found to have very low levels of background PFAS.

Regardless of which brand you choose from; our solvents enable the highest sensitivity and reliable results due to the low baseline noise and clean mass spectra. Both brands have been tested and shown to contain less than 4ppt PFAS when analyzed using EPA methods 533 and 537.1.

Cat. No	Description			
900688	900688 methanol (LC-MS grade, verified)			
1.03726	methanol (LC-MS grade, verified)			
45754	acetic acid (HPLC grade)			
5.43808	acetic acid (HPLC grade)			
AX1308	ammonium hydroxide (OmniTrace Ultra)			
5.43834	ammonium acetate, solid (HPLC grade)			
900667 acetonitrile (LC-MS grade, verified)				
1.03725 acetonitrile (LC-MS grade, verified)				
AX1222	ammonium acetate, solid (HPLC & ACS grades)			
650447	isopropyl alcohol (HPLC+ grade)			
900682	water (LC-MS grade, verified)			
1.03728	water (LC-MS grade, verified)			



Water Purification Systems

Purified water is an important solvent in the laboratory, and is used for sample and standard preparation, as blank and in LC-MS mobile phase. To achieve and maintain good chromatographic performance, it is recommended to use freshly produced ultrapure water at each step of the PFAS testing process.

Discover the Milli- Q^{\odot} IQ 7003/7005/7010/7015 ultrapure and pure water system, designed to improve your productivity, reduce environmental impact, and provide unparalleled convenience and versatility in the lab.

• Tailor water quality to your needs

An optimized combination of purification technologies reliably delivers pure and ultrapure water, ascertained by highly accurate, continuous water quality monitoring. The LC-Pak® polisher, when connected to the Q-POD® dispenser, delivers the optimal water quality for sensitive LC-MS analyses.

Work more efficiently

Intuitive and easy to use touch screens enable rapid and precise dispensing.

• Save bench space

Only the POD is needed for daily use. The system can be conveniently placed under the bench or wall-mounted.

• Reach your sustainability targets

Look for the Greener Alternative Product label on some of our Milli-Q® systems, as they are certified to consume less water and electricity, decrease plastic waste and eliminate mercury waste handling.



Cat. No Description	
ZIQ7005T0C	Milli-Q® IQ 7003/05/10/15 pure and ultrapure water purification systems
ZIQ7000T0C	Milli-Q® IQ 7000 ultrapure water purification system
LCPAK00A1	LC-Pak® Polisher for trace and ultra-trace organic analyses





Reference Materials



Reference materials are a critical component of the analytical testing workflow.

Our reference material portfolio comprises neat material and solutions in analytical grade standard quality as well as certified reference materials. Our analytical standard grade products come with a certificate of analysis including a purity and identity as well as a chromatogram and the expiration date. These materials can be used for identity/screening analysis and content/assay determination if the product is qualified.

The certified reference materials are produced and certified according to ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO 17034 and provide the highest level of confidence to get accurate results. They come with a certificate including the certified content plus the expanded combined uncertainty having contributions from the certification process itself, stability and homogeneity studies and all requirements according to the ISO Guide 31.

Cat. No.	Description	Format	Concentration / matrix	Quality grade	Pack Size
68808	Perfluorobutanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	25 mg
68542	Perfluoropentanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	25 mg
43809	Perfluorohexanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	25 mg
93899	Perfluorohexanoic acid	neat		CRM	25 mg
43996	Perfluoroheptanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	25 mg
93983	Perfluoroheptanoic acid	neat		CRM	25 mg
33824	Perfluorooctanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	100 mg
91977	Perfluorononanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	50 mg
05167	Perfluorononanoic acid	neat		CRM	25 mg
43929	Perfluorodecanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	25 mg
91367	Perfluorodecanoic acid	neat		CRM	10 mg
89988	Perfluoroundecanoic acid	neat		CRM	10 mg
92291	Perfluorododecanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	50 mg
76705	Perfluorotridecanoic acid	neat		CRM	10 mg
80312	Perfluorotetradecanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	50 mg
38400	Perfluorotetradecanoic acid	neat		CRM	10 mg
76467	Tricosafluorododecanoic acid	neat		CRM	10 mg
93973	Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid	neat		CRM	25 mg
33603	Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid	solution	100 μg/mL in methanol	Analytical standard	1 mL
33607	Heptadecafluorooctanoic acid	solution	100 μg/mL in methanol	Analytical standard	1 mL
33829	Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	neat		Analytical standard	10 mg
80444	Perfluoroundecanoic acid	neat		Analytical standard	50 mg
89374	Heptadecafluorooctanesulfonic acid potassium salt	neat		Analytical standard	100 mg
93899	Heptadecafluorooctanesulfonic acid potassium salt	neat		CRM	25 mg



Application Notes

For access to all of the latest application notes, visit SigmaAldrich.com/pfas-testing

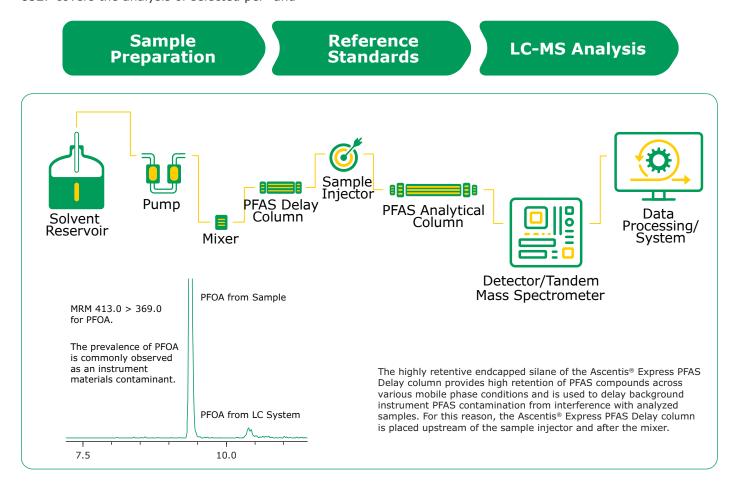
Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC Columns LC-MS Analysis of PFAS Compounds in EPA Methods 537.1, 533 and 8327

PFAS (Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances) are persistent, man-made organic compounds, widely found in the environment. Recent awareness has brought attention to the toxicity of these substances. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have initiated actions against PFAS. For determination of PFASs, liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry (LC-MS) is a commonly used technique.

EPA has developed, validated, and published three methods to support the analysis of 29 PFAS in drinking water, Method 533, 537 and 537.1. EPA 8327 covers the analysis of selected per- and

polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in prepared extracts of various matrices (e.g., waters and solids) by liquid chromatography/tandem mass spectrometry (LC/MS/ MS) analysis.

The Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC column is designed for the separation of novel and legacy short chain and long chain PFAS compounds containing branched and linear isomers, whilst adhering to EPA methodology requirements. Furthermore, a specific PFAS delay column prevents background PFAS contamination from interfering with the sample results in quantitative LC-MS methods.





EPA Method 537.1



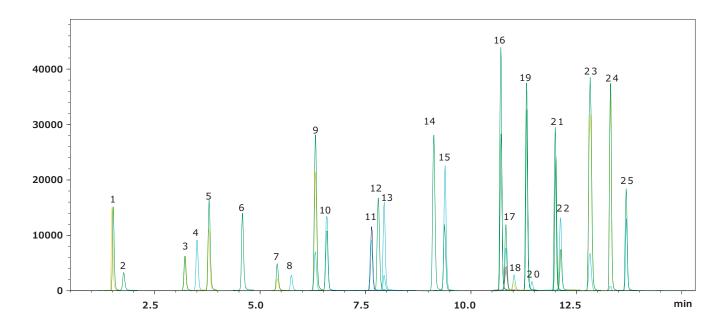
LC Conditions:					
Analytical Column:	Ascentis® Expr	Ascentis [®] Express PFAS, 2.7 μm, 10 cm x 2.1 mm, 90 Å (53559-U)			
Delay Column:	Ascentis® Expr	Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay, 2.7 µm, 5 cm x 3 mm (53572-U)			
Gradient:	%B				
	0.0	33.0	_		
	18.0	98.0			
	18.1	100.0			
	21.0	100.0	_		
	21.1	33.0	_		
	26.0	End	_		
Nobile Phase A:	10 mM Ammor	nium Acetate			
lobile Phase B:	Methanol				
low Rate:	0.4 mL/min				
essure:	485 bar				
emperature:	35 °C				
njection Volume:	2.0 μL				
Sample Solvent:	Methanol (96%) Water (4%)			

MS Conditions:	
Detection:	-ESI MS/MS
LC System:	Shimadzu Nexera X2
ESI LCMS system:	Shimadzu LCMS-8040
Spray Voltage:	-2.0 kV
Nebulizing gas:	2 L/min
Drying gas:	15 L/min
DL temp:	250 °C
Heat Block:	400 °C



PFOA

PFOS



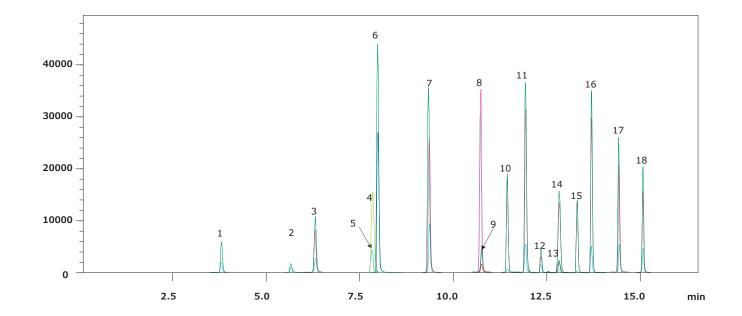
Peak #	Compound	Transition	tR (min)
1	PFBS	299.0000>80.0000	3.789
2	PFHxA	313.0000>269.0000	5.639
3	HFPO-DA	285.0000>169.0000	6.307
4	PFHpA	363.0000>319.0000	7.723
5	PFHxS	399.0000>80.0000	7.936
6	ADONA	377.0000>250.9000	7.978
7	PFOA	413.0000>369.0000	9.368
8	PFNA	463.0000>419.0000	10.715
9	PFOS	499.0000>80.0000	10.762

Peak #	Compound	Transition	tR (min)
10	9CI-PF3ONS	530.9000>351.0000	11.439
11	PFDA	513.0000>469.0000	11.857
12	N-MeFOSAA	570.0000>419.0000	12.336
13	PFUnA	563.0000>519.0000	12.822
14	N-EtFOSAA	584.0000>419.0000	12.827
15	11CI-PF3OUdS	630.7000>451.0000	13.311
16	PFDoA	613.0000>569.0000	13.690
17	PFTrDA	663.0000>619.0000	14.435
18	PFTeDA	713.0000>669.0000	15.083

EPA Method 533

LC Conditions:			
Analytical Column:	Ascentis® Exp	ress PFAS, 2.7 µm,	10 cm x 2.1 mm, 90 Å (53559-U)
Delay Column:	Ascentis® Exp	ress PFAS Delay, 2.	.7 μm, 5 cm x 3 mm (53572-U)
Gradient:	Time	%B	
	0.0	33.0	
	18.0	98.0	
	18.1	100.0	
	21.0	100.0	
	21.1	33.0	
	26.0	End	
Mobile Phase A:	10 mM Ammo	nium Acetate	
Mobile Phase B:	Methanol		
Flow Rate:	0.4 mL/min		
Pressure:	485 bar		
Temperature:	35 °C		
Injection Volume:	2.0 μL		
Sample Solvent:	Methanol (969	%) Water (4%)	

MS Conditions:	
Detection:	-ESI MS/MS
LC System:	Shimadzu Nexera X2
ESI LCMS system:	Shimadzu LCMS-8040
Spray Voltage:	-2.0 kV
Nebulizing gas:	2 L/min
Drying gas:	15 L/min
DL temp:	250 °C
Heat Block:	400 °C



Peak #	Compound	Transition	tR (min)
1	PFBA	213.0000>169.0000	1.358
2	4:2FTS	229.0000>85.0000	1.890
3	PFPeA	263.0000>219.0000	3.219
4	PFBS	299.0000>80.0000	3.810
5	PFHpS	279.0000>85.0000	3.967
6	PFPeS	315.0000>135.0000	4.791
7	PFMPA	327.0000>307.0000	5.431
8	PFHxA	313.0000>269.0000	5.684
9	PFEESA	349.0000>80.0000	6.099
10	HFPO-DA	285.0000>169.0000	6.335
11	PFHpA	363.0000>319.0000	7.763
12	PFHxS	399.0000>80.0000	7.985
13	ADONA	377.0000>250.9000	8.012

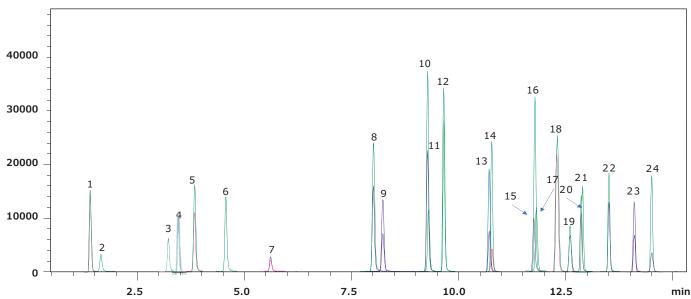
Peak #	Compound	Transition	tR (min)
14	PFOA	413.0000>369.0000	9.398
15	PFMBA	449.0000>80.0000	9.512
16	PFNA	463.0000>419.0000	10.751
17	PFOS	499.0000>80.0000	10.793
18	9CI-PF3ONS	530.9000>351.0000	11.459
19	PFDA	513.0000>469.0000	11.885
20	8:2FTS	549.0000>80.0000	11.897
21	6:2FTS	498.0000>78.0000	12.680
22	NFDHA	599.0000>80.0000	12.847
23	PFUnA	563.0000>519.0000	12.862
24	11Cl-PF3OUdS	630.7000>451.0000	13.329
25	PFDoA	613.0000>569.0000	13.708

EPA Method 8327



LC Conditions:			
Analytical Column:	Ascentis® Exp	ress PFAS, 2.7 μm	, 10 cm x 2.1 mm, 90 Å (53559-U)
Delay Column:	Ascentis® Exp	ress PFAS Delay, 2	.7 μm, 5 cm x 3 mm (53572-U)
Gradient:	Time	%B	
	0.0	33.0	•
	18.0	98.0	_
	18.1	100.0	_
	21.0	100.0	_
	21.1	33.0	_
	26.0	End	- -
Mobile Phase A:	10 mM Ammo	nium Acetate	
Mobile Phase B:	Methanol		
Flow Rate:	0.4 mL/min		
Pressure:	485 bar		
Temperature:	35 °C		
Injection Volume:	2.0 μL		
Sample Solvent:	Methanol (96	%) Water (4%)	

MS Conditions:	
Detection:	-ESI MS/MS
LC System:	Shimadzu Nexera X2
ESI LCMS system:	Shimadzu LCMS-8040
Spray Voltage:	-2.0 kV
Nebulizing gas:	2 L/min
Drying gas:	15 L/min
DL temp:	250 °C
Heat Block:	400 °C



Peak #	Compound	Transition	tR (min)	Peak #	Compound	Transition	tR (min)
_ 1	PFBA	213.0000>169.0000	1.358	13	PFNA	463.0000>419.0000	10.751
2	4:2FTS	229.0000>85.0000	1.890	14	PFOS	499.0000>80.0000	10.793
3	PFPeA	263.0000>219.0000	3.219	15	PFNS	527.0000>507.0000	11.843
4	PFBS	299.0000>80.0000	3.810	16	PFDA	513.0000>469.0000	11.885
5	PFHpS	279.0000>85.0000	3.967	17	8:2FTS	549.0000>80.0000	11.897
6	PFPeS	315.0000>135.0000	4.791	18	N-MeFOSAA	570.0000>419.0000	12.366
7	PFHxA	313.0000>269.0000	5.684	19	6:2FTS	498.0000>78.0000	12.680
8	PFHpA	363.0000>319.0000	7.763	20	PFUnA	563.0000>519.0000	12.862
9	PFHxS	399.0000>80.0000	7.985	21	N-EtFOSAA	584.0000>419.0000	12.865
10	FOSA	427.0000>407.0000	9.304	22	PFDoA	613.0000>569.0000	13.708
11	PFOA	413.0000>369.0000	9.398	23	PFTrDA	663.0000>619.0000	14.446
12	PFDS	295.0000>201.0000	9.695	24	PFTeDA	713.0000>669.0000	15.103

Product list	Cat. No.
Ascentis® Express PFAS, 2.7 μm, 10 cm x 2.1 mm, 90 Å	53559-U
Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay, 2.7 μm, 5 cm x 3 mm	53572-U
Methanol for chromatography (LC-MS grade) LiChrosolv®	1.06035
Water for chromatography (LC-MS grade) LiChrosolv®	1.15333
or	or
Ultrapure water from a Milli-Q® IQ 7 series water purification system	ZIQ7005T0C
Ammonium acetate suitable for mass spectrometry (MS), LiChropur™, eluent additive for LC-MS	73594



Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC Columns LC-MS Analysis of 33 PFAS Compounds in 5 minutes

Introduction

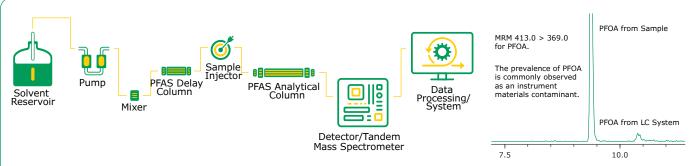
The EPA has developed, validated, and published three methods to support the analysis of 29 PFAS in drinking water, Method 533, 537 and 537.1. EPA 8327 covers the analysis of selected PFAS compounds in prepared extracts of various matrices (e.g., waters and solids) by liquid chromatography/tandem mass spectrometry (LC/MS/MS) analysis.

As technological advancements continue to progress, mass spectrometers will continue to be improved regarding their level of sensitivity, mass resolution, and scanning speed. This will impact future developments in PFAS analysis, and column performance must be able to handle these advancements. With this in mind, we developed a method for separation at maximum speed to test the suitability of the columns for use in these advanced conditions. The higher scanning speed of the MS instruments will lead to faster analysis time. However, an increase in the speed of analysis will lead to a decrease in the resolution therefore causing coelutions. The rapid separation of 33 PFAS compounds found in EPA 537.1, EPA 533, and EPA 8327 was completed in 5 minutes in this application note.

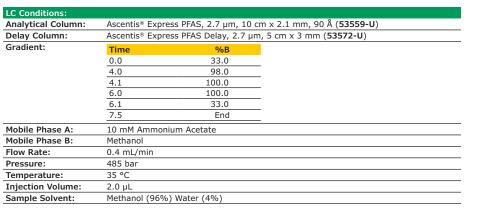
The HPLC column of choice for PFAS analysis by LC-MS/(MS) is a C18 column based on fully porous silica particles (FPP) or on superficially porous silica particles (SPP). In contrast to ordinary C18 columns, Ascentis® Express PFAS columns are tested using a PFAS compound mixture. This ensures the full suitability of the column for PFAS analysis.

The contamination of PFAS compounds from the HPLC system and materials used in analytics is a concern. Therefore, it is recommended to use a delay column, which is placed before injection in the system set-up.

PFOA

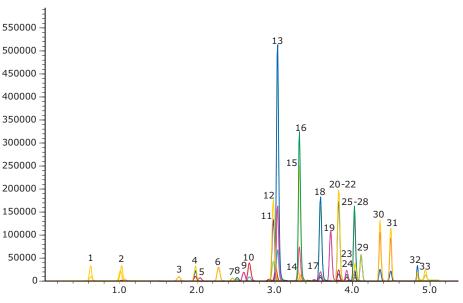


The highly retentive endcapped silane of the Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay column provides high retention of PFAS compounds across various mobile phase conditions and is used to delay background instrument PFAS contamination from interference with analyzed samples. For this reason, the Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay column is placed upstream of the sample injector and after the mixer.





Analysis of 33 PFAS Compounds in Under 5 Minutes



1	PFBA	213.0000>169.0000	0.755
2	4:2FTS	229.0000>85.0000	1.031
3	PFPeA	263.0000>219.0000	1.762
4	PFBS	299.0000>80.0000	1.979
5	PFHpS	279.0000>85.0000	2.035
6	PFPeS	315.0000>135.0000	2.273
7	PFMPA	327.0000>307.0000	2.454
8	PFHxA	313.0000>269.0000	2.514
9	PFEESA	349.0000>80.0000	2.599
10	HFPO-DA	285.0000>169.0000	2.670
11	PFHxS	399.0000>80.0000	3.013
12	NaDONA	377.0000>251.0000	3.033
13	ADONA	377.0000>250.9000	3.034
14	FOSA	427.0000>407.0000	3.299
15	PFOA	413.0000>369.0000	3.316
16	PFMBA	449.0000>80.0000	3.328
17	PFHpA	363.0000>319.0000	3.388
18	PFOS	499.0000>80.0000	3.588
19	9CI-PF3ONS	530.9000>351.0000	3.719
20	8:2FTS	549.0000>80.0000	3.816
21	PFNS	527.0000>507.0000	3.820
22	PFDA	513.0000>469.0000	3.822
23	N-MeFOSAA	570.0000>419.0000	3.925
24	PFNA	463.0000>419.0000	3.942
25	NFDHA	599.0000>80.0000	4.015
26	PFUnA	563.0000>519.0000	4.025
27	N-EtFOSAA	584.0000>419.0000	4.029
28	6:2FTS	498.0000>78.0000	4.033
29	11CI-PF3OUdS	630.7000>451.0000	4.110
30	PFTrDA	663.0000>619.0000	4.355
31	PFDoA	613.0000>569.0000	4.496
32	PFTeDA	713.0000>669.0000	4.745
33	PFDS	295.0000>201.0000	4.921

Conclusion

The new Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC column allows the highly efficient separation of 33 PFAS compounds in 5 minutes, and it is equally adept at delaying PFAS contamination originating from the instrument by using the Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay column.

This application note demonstrates that the Fused-Core® technology of Ascentis® Express PFAS HPLC columns benefits PFAS analysis for fast, efficient, and rugged separations which are paramount to environmental analysis.

Cat. NO	Floudet list
53559-U	Ascentis® Express PFAS, 2.7 μm, 10 cm x 2.1 mm, 90 Å
53572-U	Ascentis® Express PFAS Delay, 2.7 µm, 5 cm x 3 mm
1.06035	Methanol for chromatography (LC-MS grade) LiChrosolv®
1.15333 or ZIQ7005T0C	Water for chromatography (LC-MS grade) LiChrosolv® or ultrapure water from a Milli-Q® 1Q 7 series water purification system
73594	Ammonium acetate suitable for mass spectrometry (MS), LiChropur™, eluent additive for LC-MS





LC-MS/MS Analysis of PFAS Extractables in Polyethersulfone (PES) Syringe Filters Using EPA 537.1

Introduction

A key consideration for any PFAS method is to avoid contamination that can impact the accuracy of data, including those coming from sample preparation techniques such as filtration. Currently, most of the analytical methods are for "clean" matrices, such as drinking water, and often do not require filtration as a part of sample preparation. However, methods such as SW-846 Method 8327, ASTM D7968, ASTM D797 and ISO 21675 involve matrices that could have a higher degree of particulates, such as wastewater. Particulates in solution must be removed prior to LC/MS/MS, as they can be detrimental to sample analysis, column longevity and overall instrument function. These methods identify the need for filtration using membranes in a syringe filter format.

In this application note, EPA Method 537.1 was used to demonstrate that the Millex® syringe filters with

PES (polyethersulfone) Millipore Express®membranes did not give any detectable levels of PFAS contamination. **Figure 1** is the schematic of the experimental procedure.

Results

No PFAS contaminants were detected even with the very low reporting limits (RL) of the method (**Table 1**). These results suggest that nonsterile Millex® syringe filters with PES membranes are reliable and appropriate to utilize in the filtration of samples for the analysis of PFAS compounds in environmental matrices that require filtration prior to further clean-up, by solid phase extraction for example, and/or LC-MS/MS analysis.

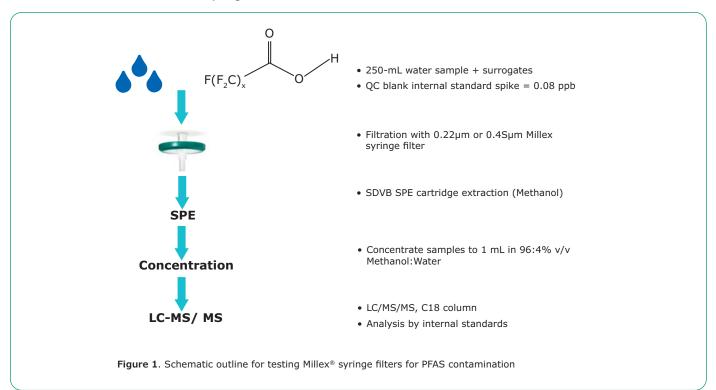




Table 1 Detection of PFAS after filtration with nonsterile Millex® filters with PES membranes using LC/MS/MS according to EPA 537.1

						Mill	ex® PES		
					0.22mi	n		0.45mi	n
Compound	Abbre-viation	RL (ppb)	MDL (ppb)	Lot1	Lot2	Lot3	Lot1	Lot2	Lot3
Perfluoroalkylcarboxylic Acids									
Perfluorobutanoic acid	PFBA	0.0040	0.0020						
Perfluoropentanoic acid	PFPeA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorohexanoic acid	PFHxA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluoroheptanoic acid	PFHpA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorooctanoic acid	PFOA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorononanoic acid	PFNA	0.0020	0.0010	-		Not	detected		
Perfluorodecanoic acid	PFDA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluoroundecanoic acid	PFUnDA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorododecanoic acid	PFDoDA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorotridecanoic acid	PFTrDA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid	PFTeDA	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluoroalkylsulfonic Acids, Perfluo	rooctanesulfonamides,	and Perfluor	ooctanesulfor	namidoa	cetic Ac	ids			
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid	PFBS	0.0020	0.0010						
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid	PFPeS	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid	PFHxS	0.0020	0.0010	-					
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid	PFHpS	0.0020	0.0010	_					
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid	PFOS	0.0020	0.0010	-		Note	4-664		
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid	PFNS	0.0020	0.0010	-		NOT	detected		
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid	PFDS	0.0020	0.0010	-					
PFOSA	PFOSA	0.0040	0.0020	-					
N-MeFOSAA	MeFOSAA	0.0040	0.0020	-					
N-EtFOSAA	EtFOSAA	0.0040	0.0020	-					
Fluorotelomer Sulfonates and Next (Generation PFAS Analyt	es							
4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate	8:2 FTS	0.0080	0.0020						
6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate	6:2 FTS	0.0080	0.0020	-					
8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonate	8:2 FTS	0.0080	0.0020	_					
HFPO-DA	GenX	0.0040	0.0020	— Not detected					
ADONA	ADONA	0.0080	0.0020	-					
9CI-PF3ONS (F-53B Major)		0.0080	0.0020	-					
11Cl-PF3OUdS (F-53B Minor)		0.0080	0.0020	-					

Abbreviations: RL = reporting limit (ppb); MDL = minimum detection limit (ppb).

Product list	Cat. No.
Syringe Filters	
Millex-GP Syringe Filter, PES 0.22μm	SLGP033NS
	SLGP033NB
	SLGP033NK
Millex-GP Syringe Filter, PES 0.45µm	SLHP033NS
	SLHP033NB
	SLHP033NK





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The GVS Group

In over 45 years of history, GVS has evolved from a supplier of components for the healthcare sector to a global group that produces highly technological diversified filtration solutions.

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GVS produces a wide range of filter materials, filters and off-the-shelf components in all its divisions, enabling its customers to reduce the design time for new product launches.

All the GVS divisions work in highly regulated environments and the Group therefore operates with extremely high-quality standards. Thanks to its research and development centres located all over the world, GVS is also able to offer an extremely efficient and personalized service to meet its customers'needs: from product conception and design to testing and mass production.

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GVS has developed a streamlined, dynamic and technologically advanced structure that has made it possible to achieve constant and balanced growth. The Group currently employs a total of 4869 people who work in automated assembly departments, in lines for the production and processing of filter membranes and in class 10,000 and 100,000 cleanrooms.

Global growth

The GVS Group has always paid great attention to research, development and innovation of its products and processes and has shown a strong trend towards development in global markets since its foundation.

In addition to the corporate headquarters in Bologna, GVS currently has 19 plants in Italy, United Kingdom, Brazil, United States, China, Mexico, Romania e Puerto Rico, and 29 commercial offices located all over the world. GVS has always adopted a "glocal" approach: it operates locally in contact with its customers, but relies on the strength of a global network.

For more information, visit www.gvs.com

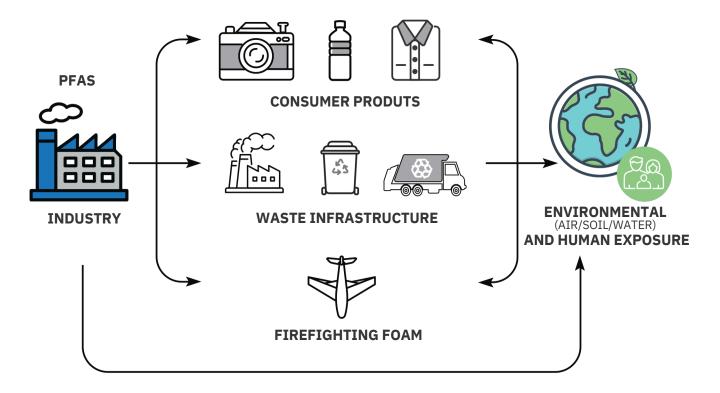


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Introduction

Dating to the 1940s, Per and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) consist of more than 4700 individual compounds employed across almost every domain of modern existence.



Common Uses of PFAS

- A PFAS are commonly observed, persistent, and appear to be resistant to many treatment processes ("forever chemicals")
- A Known for resistance to heat, water, grease, and stains
- A Characterized by a chain of strong fluorine-carbon bonds
- A Widely used across industrial and consumer products
- A There are thousands of different PFAS

Why are we testing for PFAS Free?

Duetotheirusefulness, thesecompoundswere quickly adopted and are now ubiquitous, found in food packaging, cookware, cosmetics, stain repellents, firefighting foams, and numerous manufacturing processes. Despite their immense utility, we have only recently begun to clearly grasp the health risks they pose.

The association of PFAS exposure with adverse human health and environmental outcomes necessitates accurate and precise quantification in various matrices. Numerous regulations and exposure advisories require detection at trace concentrations (low ng/L or ppt, extending to pg/L or ppq).

Reporting a result above a regulatory limit can carry significant repercussions for the sample's origin (e.g., industrial effluent, public water supply, landfill leachate, firefighting foam discharge), even where the objective is source mitigation. Consequently, confidence in the validity of reported data—ensuring it is both representative and uncontaminated—is imperative.

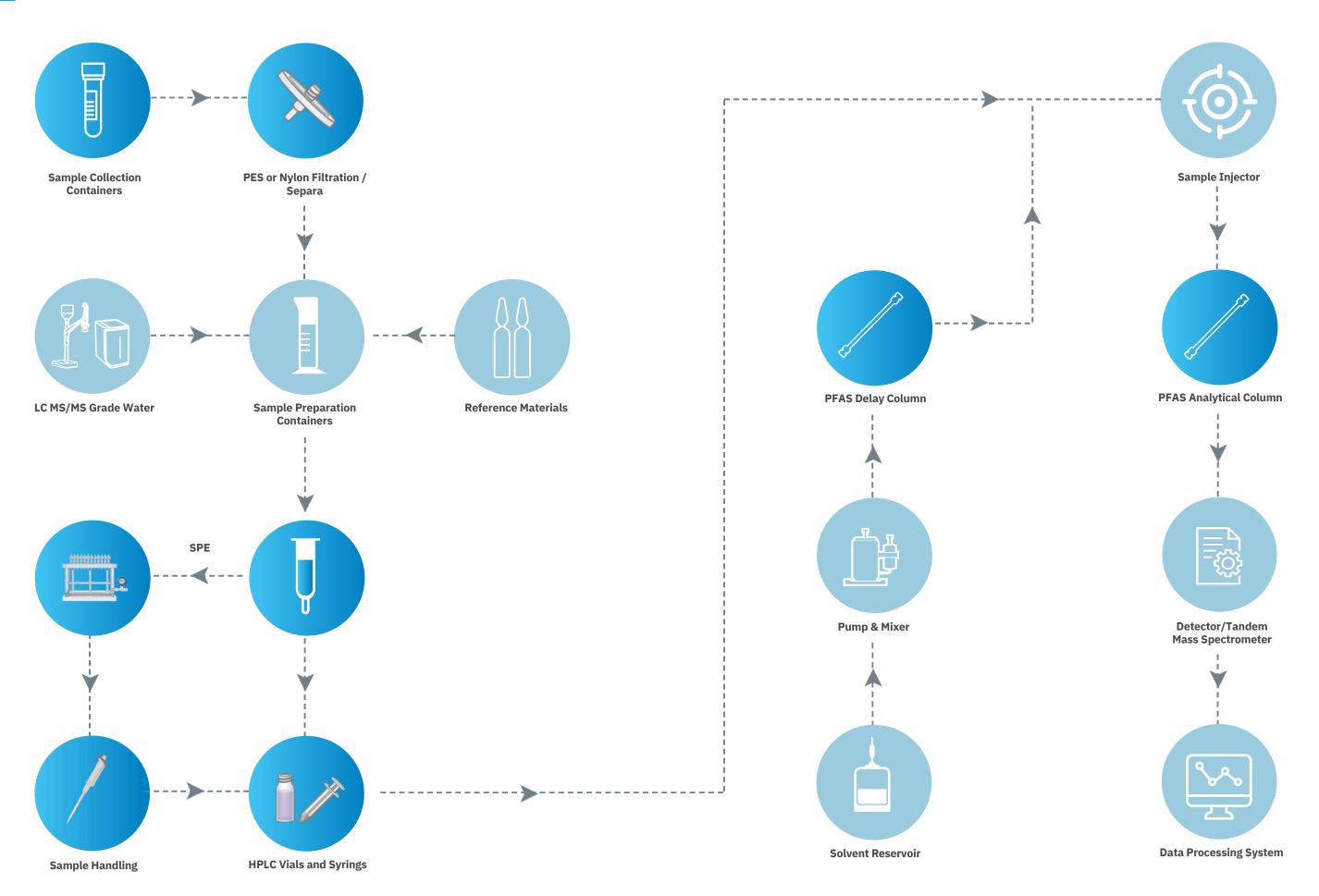


Dubbed "forever chemicals," PFAS resist natural degradation, accumulating persistently in ecosystems. This bioaccumulation drives contamination levels beyond safety thresholds, leading to chronic human exposure. Health consequences include developmental harm (e.g., low infant birth weights via placental transfer), immune suppression, carcinogenicity, and endocrine disruption through thyroid interference.

Recognizing this dual reality of utility and hazard, GVS is dedicated to equipping the scientific community. We provide essential, high-quality products and tools for the precise quantification of PFAS. Our solutions empower researchers, regulators, and testing labs in their critical work to understand and monitor PFAS exposure.

This brochure provides a comprehensive guideline of our products for PFAS analysis. These tools are applicable to environmental matrices (water, soil), food and beverage samples, and other areas. We are dedicated to enabling scientists to precisely quantify PFAS wherever they occur, thereby advancing our collective understanding of their societal consequences.

Product Across the Workflow



Guideline of PFAS

Key PFAS Regulatory Updates

PFAS Update	US EPA HALs	EU 2022/1431	EU 2022/2388
Effective Date	15-Jun-22	2022-2025	1 Jan, 2023
Affected Matrices	Drinking water	Food/Feed	Certain foodstuff
Changes	New reporting limits and Health Advisory Limits for PFOA, PFOS, GenX, PFBS	Monitoring PFOS, PFOA, PFNA, PFHxS	PFOS, PFOA, PFNA, PFHxS, and sum of above
Impact to APAC	Possible future regulatory updates from region	Possible future regulatory updates from region	Export market for certain products of animal origin (eggs, fishery products, fish meat intended for the production of food for infants and young children and other fish meat, crustaceans, bivalve molluscs, meat and edible offal of bovine animals, sheep, pig and poultry and game animals.

PFAS Update	European Chemicals Agency (ECHA)	US EPA (Proposal for Drinking Water Regulation)
Effective Date	Proposal (public consultation on 22 Mar 2023 for 6 months)	Proposal (comment period on 29 Mar up till 30 May 2023)
Affected Matrices	All uses of PFAS	Drinking Water
Changes	To ban on both the use and production of PFAS in order to reduce the risks these substances pose to human and the environment, with a few exemptions and some temporary derogations	6 PFAS – Enforceable Max Contaminant Levels (MCLs) and non-enforceable MCL Goals (MCLGs) – Individual limits for PFOA, PFOS, and combination of PFNA, HFPO-DA (GenX), PFHxS, PFBS
Impact to APAC		Possible future regulatory updates from region

Methods for Measuring PFAS in the Environment

In January 2024, the EPA released three methods to better measure PFAS in the environment

- A Final EPA Method 1633, a method to test for 40 PFAS in wastewater, surface water, groundwater, soil, biosolids, sediment, landfill leachate, and fish tissue.
- A Final EPA Method 1621, which can broadly screen for the presence of chemical substances that contain carbon-fluorine bonds, including PFAS, in wastewater.
- A Other Test Method (OTM)-50, which measures 30 volatile fluorinated compounds in air.



Method 1633, Revision A Analysis of Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances(PFAS) in Aqueous, Solid, Biosolids, and Tissue Samples by LC-MS/MS'

Guideline of PFAS

Determination of PFAS in Drinking Water

Analysis of PFAS is now an essential part of water testing programs and is becoming a regular requirement for monitoring in environment and food sources. As regulations continue to be created and updated, the requirements for method sensitivity have become essential. Solid phase extraction (SPE) is one tool that can be utilized to enhance sensitivity of a method by enriching the sample prior to injection. GVS utilizes mixed-mode weak anion exchange reversed- phase adsorbent (WAX) solid-phase extraction columns for enrichment and purification, and the UHPLC C18 liquid chromatography column for separation and detection.

Chromatographic column: C18 column (HCA018U021X050UAA, 2.1 * 50 mm, 1.8 μm)

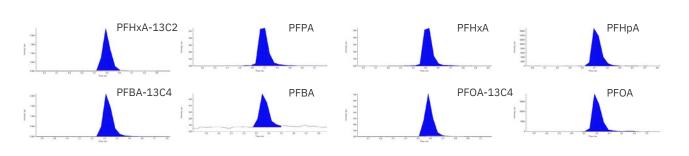
Mobile phase: A is methanol, B is a 5 mmol/L ammonium acetate

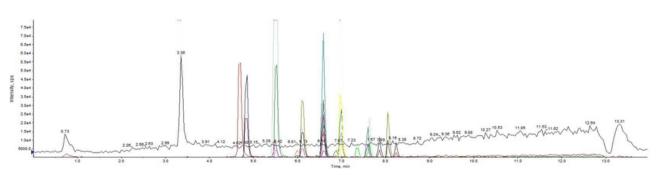
Flow rate: 0.3 mL/min.

Column temperature: 40°C.



- A Pre-treatment: Add ammonium acetate; Adjust pH to 6.8-7
- A Condition: 5 mL of 0.1% ammonium hydroxide in MeOH; 7 mL of MeOH; 10 mL of Water
- A Load: Load sample into the SPE-WAX, flow rate 8 ml/min
- A Wash: 5 mL of 0.025 mol/L ammonium acetate solution (pH=4); 12 mL of water; Dry cartridge for 15 minutes.
- A Elution: 4 mL of MeOH; 6 mL of 0.1% ammonium hydroxide in MeOH





Chromatogram of the mixed standard solution (2 µg/L)

Guideline of PFAS

Analysis of Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in Fish

Per-andpolyfluoroalkylsubstances (PFAS) havebeen increasinglydetectedincomplex food matrices such as fish, meat, and other animal-derived products. Given the dietary exposure risks — especially highlighted by EFSA's 2020 study — the development of improved analytical methods has become essential. As concerns about human exposure continue to grow, various countries are conducting studies on PFAS contamination in food. In this context, we have evaluated a quantitative analysis method for PFAS compounds in fish samples.



Step 1 **Sample Preparation**

- Weigh 2 g of sample
- A Add 10 mL of 0.05M KOH in MeOH
- A Shake gently for 16 hrs. and centrifuge, transfer to new tube/1
- A Add 10 mL of ACN, sonicate 30 mins, centrifuge, transfer to new tube/1 (combine)



Step 2 Sample Preparation

- A Add 10 mL of 0.05M KOH in MeOH, shake 5 mins, centrifuge, transfer to new tube/1 (combine)
- AAdd 1 mL of water
- A Concentrate to 2.5 mL
- A Reconstitute up to 50 mL with water
- A Adjust pH to approx. pH6



Step 4 SPE Procedure

- A Rinse the sample bottle with 5 mL of 1% methanolic ammonium hydroxide transfer the rinse to the SPE reservoir and elute
- A Add 25 µL of concentrated acetic acid
- A Filter with 0.2-μm nylon.
- ALC-MS/MS

Step 3 SPE Procedure

- A Condition WAX SPE with 15mL 1%ammonium hydroxide in MeOH and 5 mL of 0.3 M formic acid
- A Load sample
- A Wash with 10 mL DI, 5 mL of 1:1 0.1M formic acid/methanol
- A Place clean collection tubes inside the manifold

Guideline of PFAS

Analysis of 28 PFAS Compounds in Soil

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are man-made pollutants known for their persistence and ability to accumulate in the environment and living organisms. PFAS enter the environment through various sources, including food packaging and manufacturing processes, posing significant health risks due to their presence in water, soil, and biological systems. In this application note, a SPE method according to EPA Method 1633 using WAX SPE is presented. High recovery rates with very good reproducibility are achieved for drinking water matrices.



Step 1 **Sample Preparation**

- A Weigh 5 g of sample
- A Add 10 mL of 0.3% %ammonium hydroxide in MeOH
- A Shake 30 mins and centrifuge, transfer to new tube/1
- A Add 15 mL of 0.3% %ammonium hydroxide
- A Shake 30 mins and centrifuge, transfer to new tube/1



Step 2 Sample Preparation

- A Add 5 mL of 0.3% %ammonium hydroxide in MeOH
- A Shake 30 mins and centrifuge, transfer to new tube/1
- △ Concentrate to 7 mL
- A Reconstitute up to 50 mL with water
- A Adjust pH to approx. pH6



Step 4 SPE Procedure

- A Rinse the sample bottle with 5 mL of 1% methanolic ammonium hydroxide transfer the rinse to the SPE reservoir and elute
- A Add 25 µL of concentrated acetic acid
- A Filter with 0.2-μm nylon.
- ALC-MS/MS



Step 3 SPE Procedure

- A Condition WAX SPE with 15 mL 1%ammonium hydroxide in MeOH and 5 mL of 0.3 M formic acid
- A Load sample
- A Wash with 10 mL DI, 5 mL of 1:1 0.1M formic acid/methanol
- A Place clean collection tubes inside the manifold

PFAS Free Product

ABLUO® Syringe Filters

- A Housing injected in Polypropylene or Acrylic
- A Multifunctional Syringe Filters: equipped with luer-lock or luer-slip male connections for different applications
- A Accurate labeling: each filter is labeled with the specific filter material and pore size for easy identification even if the syringe filter is not in its original packaging
- A Quick and efficient filtration of samples and all kind of solutions, solvents or gases
- A Steril: No



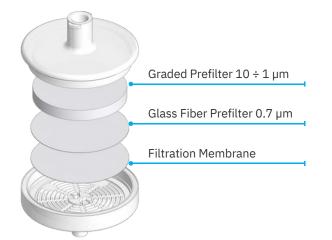
Ordering information

Membrane Material Cellulose Acetate (CA)	Membrane Diameter	Pore Size (μm)	End Fitting	Housing Material	Color Blue	Packaging 100/PK	Product Code
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	13mm	0.2	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Yellow	100/PK	FJ13ANCCA002DH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	13mm	2	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Green	100/PK	FJ13ANCCA004FH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	13mm	0.4	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Red	100/PK	FJ13ANCCA008EH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	13mm	5	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Brown	100/PK	FJ13ANCCA012CH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	13mm	0.8	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Blue	100/PK	FJ13ANCCA050PH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	25mm	1.2	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Yellow	100/PK	FJ25ANCCA002DH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	25mm	5	FLL/MLL	Acrylic	Green	100/PK	FJ25ANCCA004FH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	25mm	0:2	·····FLt:/Mtt	Acrylic	G. 001.	100/PK	FJ25ANCCA008EH01PF
Cellulose Acetate (CA)	25mm	2	·····FLL/MLL······	Acrylic	Red	100/PK	FJ25ANCCA012CH01PF
Nylon 66 (NY)	25mm	0:4	·····FLL/MLL······	Aerylie	Brown	100/PK	-FJ25ANCCA050PH01PF
Nylon 66 (NY)	13mm	5	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ13BNPNY002AH01PF
Nylon 66 (NY)	13mm	80.	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ13BNPNY004AH01PF
Nylon 66 (NY)	25mm	1.2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPNY002AH01PF
Regenerated Cellulose (RC)	25mm	.5	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPNY004AH01PF
Regenerated Cellulose (RC)	13mm	0.2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ13BNPRC002AH01PF
Regenerated Cellulose (RC)	13mm	2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ13BNPRC004AH01PF
Regenerated Cellulose (RC)	25mm	0.4	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	"Transparent"	100/PK	FJ25BNPRC002AH01PF
.Polyethersulfone (PES)	25mm	5	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	400/04	FJ25BNPRC004AH01PF
Polyethersulfone (PES)	13mm	0.2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	400/01/	FJ13BNPPS002AH01PF
Polyethersulfone (PES)	13mm	2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	400/01/	FJ13BNPPS004AH01PF
Polyethersulfone (PES)	25mm	0.4	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPPS002AH01PF
Glass Fiber (GF)	25mm	5	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPPS004AH01PF
Glass Fiber (GF)	25mm	0.2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPGN004AH01PF
Glass Fiber (GF)	25mm	2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene		100/PK	FJ25BNPGF007AH01PF
Glass Fiber (GF)	25mm	0:4	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPGF010AH01PF
Glass Fiber (GF)	25mm	5	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/PK	FJ25BNPGF012AH01PF
Glass FIDEI (GF)	25mm	0,2	FLL/MLS	Polypropylene	Transparent	100/110	FJ25BNPGF031AH01PF
		2			Transparent		
		0.4					

PFAS Free Product

ABLUO® Supreme





Characteristics

Membrane Diameter: 25 mm Effective Filtration Area: 4.63 cm² Housing Diameter: 30 mm

Housing Materials: Clear Polypropylene

Maximum Operating Temperature: 90°C / 194°F

Maximum Operating Pressure: 75 psi **Shelf Life (normal conditions):** 3 years

Ordering information

Membrane	Pore Size(µm)	Description FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/RC	Packagin	Product Code
RC	0.2	0.7/0.22μm CLR	g 10/PK	GF25BNPGR002AT01PF
RC	0.45	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/RC 0.7/0.45µm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGR004AT01PF
PES	0.2	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/PES 0.7/0.22μm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGS002AT01PF
PES	0.45	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/PES 0.7/0.45μm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGS004AT01PF
NY	0.2	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/NY 0.7/0.22μm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGN002AT01PF
NY	0.45	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/NY 0.7/0.45µm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGN004AT01PF
CA	0.2	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/CA 0.7/0.22μm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGA002AT01PF
CA	0.45	FLL/MLS - PP GF/F/CA 0.7/0.45μm CLR	10/PK	GF25BNPGA004AT01PF

SEPARA® Syringeless Filters



- A 2 simple steps for sample preparation
- A Designed and compatible for use with all HPLC or UHPLC autosampler
- A Syringeless filter vials integrates syringe, filtration membrane, auto sampler vial and cap/septa





Ordering information

Membrane Material	Pore Size (μm)	Color	Packaging	Product Code
Regenerated Cellulose (RC)	0.20	Gray	100/PK	MV32ANPRC002GC01PF
Regenerated Cellulose (RC)	0.45	Black	100/PK	MV32ANPRC004LC01PF
Nylon (NY)	0.20	Light Blue	100/PK	MV32ANPNY002BC01PF
Nylon (NY)	0.45	Blue	100/PK	MV32ANPNY004UC01PF
Polyethersulfone (PES)	0.20	Light Green	100/PK	MV32ANPPS002EC01PF
Polyethersulfone (PES)	0.45	Dark Green	100/PK	MV32ANPPS004WC01PF

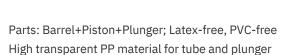
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PFAS Free Product

Laboratory SyringesPrecision and Control for Accurate Lab Work

Features

- A High transparent PP material for tube and plunger. Designed for easy operation and smooth plunger movement, ensuring accurate fluid transfer with minimal force.
- A Manufactured with high-quality materials that resist chemical degradation, making them compatible with various solutions.
- A Available with luer lock or luer slip fittings to ensure secure connections, preventing leaks during liquid handling.





Ordering information

Product Code	Description Disposal Plastic Syringe, 1ml,Luer lock, No Sterile,	Packaging
SYRITG001LBP050BPF	Bulk Pack Disposal Plastic Syringe, 1ml,Luer slip, No	200pcs/inner box, 16
SYRITG001SBP050BPF	Sterile,Bulk Pack Disposal Plastic Syringe, 5ml,Luer lock, No	box/case 200pcs/inner box,
SYRITG005LBP050BPF	Sterile,Bulk Pack Disposal Plastic Syringe, 5ml,Luer slip, No	16 box/case 100pcs/inner
SYRITG005SBP050BPF	Sterile,Bulk Pack	box, 24 box/case
		100pcs/inner box, 24
		box/case

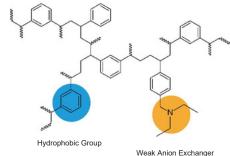
SPE Cartridge

WAX forPFAS-WAXSPE isapowerful and versatile solution designed for the selective extraction of acidic compounds like PFAS from environmental samples. With its dual retention mechanism (ion exchange + hydrophobic interaction), WAX SPE delivers superior sample cleanup and analyte concentration—perfectly suited for LC-MS/MS analysis.

- A High recovery and precision for both short- and long- chain PFAS
- A Reduces background noise, enhancing detection sensitivity
- A Compliant with EPA Methods 533, 537.1, and 1633
- A Streamlined workflow for reliable results in every matrix

Ordering information

	Product Code	Description	Method 1633,ISO	Packaging
	SPEB00WAX06150AP	8, 1	21675:2019 533	30
	F	L	533	Pcs/Box
	SPEB00WAX06200AP			30
11	F	L		Pcs/Box
	SPEB00WAX06500AP	500mg/6m		30
	F	L		Pcs/Box



PFAS Free Product

Centrifuge Tube

- A Consistent biological and physical properties, High transparent, medical grade PP material with flat caps for marking.
- ARCF rating up to 12,000 xg.
- A Easy-to-read printed graduations and a large white frosted area for labelling.
- A Leak-proof.
- A Packed in convenient durable racks or reusable Zip-lock bags.

15 ml DIM. 17x120 mm, Printed graduation range from 1.5 to15 ml, interval at 0.5 ml

Product Code	Sterile	Packaging
CELCUCG4610X1923NSPF	Non sterile	50 pcs/zip-lock bag, 500 pcs/carton

50 ml DIM. 30x115 mm, Printed graduation range from 5 to 47.5 ml, interval at 2.5 ml

Product Code	Sterile	Packaging
CELCUCG4610X1942NSPF	Non sterile	25 pcs/zip-lock bag, 500 pcs/carton





50 ml Self-standing, DIM. 30x117 mm, Printed graduation range from 5 to 47.5 ml, interval at 2.5 ml

Product Code	Sterile	Packaging		
CELCUCG4610X1982NSPF	Non sterile	25pcs/zip-lock bag,500pcs/carton		

50 ml Self-standing, DIM. 30x107 mm, blue cap, Printed graduation range from 5 to 50 ml, interval at 5 ml

Product Code	Sterile	Packaging
CELCUCG4610X1897NS8PF	Non sterile	25 pcs/zip-lock bag, 500 pcs/carton





PFAS Free Product

Plastic Pasteur Pipette

Ideal for transferring and dispensing small amounts of liquid safely and rapidly. LDPE material, excellent transparency.



With Graduation

Product Code	Length(mm)	Graduation	Overall Vol(ml)	Sterile	Packaging
PLAC4320X0111APF	145	1/4mL up 1 mL	5	Non Sterile	Individual peel-pack, 50x100pcs/dispenser box/carton

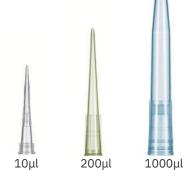
Universal Pipette Tips

Universalpipettetipsaremadewithhigh precision molds. With excellent processing technology and good pipetting performance.

Features

- A Made of high quality PP(polypropylene)
- A DNase/RNase free, Pyrogen free
- A High quality filter, tight sealing, cross infection prevention
- A Excellent toughness, not easy to deform, good verticality and air tightness





Ordering information

Sort	Name	Product Code	Packaging
10ul	10µl universal pipette tip	PLAPG10RSAPF	96pcs/rack, 50racks/case
,		PLAPG10BAPF	1000pcs/bag, 40bags/case
200ul	200ul Valley universal ninette tin	PLAPG200RSAPF	96pcs/rack, 50racks/case
200μι		PLAPG200BAPF	1000pcs/bag, 40bags/case
1000l	1000μl Blue universal pipette tip	PLAPG1000RSAPF	96pcs/rack, 50racks/case
1000μl		PLAPG1000BAPF	1000pcs/bag, 40bags/case
5ml	5ml universal pipette tip(EP)	PLAPGPT5000RESAPF	24pcs/rack, 30racks/case
SIIIL		PLAPGPT5000BEAPF	100pcs/bag, 20bags/case



Package Bottle

GVS package bottles are made of high-quality polypropylene PP/high-density polyethylene HDPE raw materials, consistent wall thickness and smooth interior and exterior surfaces, non-biotoxin, produced in a 100,000-class clean room production environment, multiple quality system certifications. These bottles are ideal for both field sampling, general lab use, and are easily transportable.



Features Durable, uniform wall thickness

One-time blow molding, no seams, advanced molding technology ensures the bottle has a more uniform wall thickness, high-quality bottle wall to ensure that the bottle wall can effectively prevent breakage or puncture the bottom, the bottle bottom is flat, which is beneficial to the Filling line runs smoothly.

Leakproof design

The mouth of the bottle cap is designed to prevent leakage. Repeated opening and tightening will not affect the sealing performance of the bottle.

Ordering information

Product Code	Description	Material	Color	Packag
SBPGWMCH0008PF	Wide mouth, 8ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	e 2000
SBPGWMCH0015PF	Wide mouth, 15ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	1500
SBPGWMCH0030PF	Wide mouth, 30ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	800 800
SBPGWMCH0060PF	Wide mouth, 60ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	500 250
SBPGWMCH0125PF	Wide mouth, 125ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	125 50
SBPGWMCH0250PF	Wide mouth, 250ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	800 800
SBPGWMCH0500PF	Wide mouth, 500ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	500 250
SBPGWMCH1000PF	Wide mouth, 1000ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	125 50
SBPGNMCH0030PF	Narrow mouth, 30ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	
SBPGNMCH0060PF	Narrow mouth, 60ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	
SBPGNMCH0125PF	Narrow mouth, 125ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	
SBPGNMCH0250PF	Narrow mouth, 250ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	
SBPGNMCH0500PF	Narrow mouth, 500ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	
SBPGNMCH1000PF	Narrow mouth, 1000ml packaging bottle	HDPE	Natural	

Trouble Shooting Tips and Tools

1.Contamination Issues

Problem

Elevated background levels of PFAS

Tip

A Use PFAS-free verified consumables (vials, caps, filters, SPE, solvents).

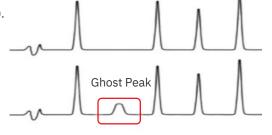
A Avoid PTFE-based materials (tubing, caps, liners).

A Pre-rinse all glassware and plasticware with methanol or acetonitrile.

Tools

A PFAS-free sample kits

A Blank extraction controls (method, reagent, and system blanks)



2. Poor Recovery or Low Sensitivity

Problem

Loss of target PFAS compounds during sample prep

Tips

A Optimize SPE procedure (pH adjustment, washing steps, elution strength).

A Monitor drying time on SPE to prevent breakthrough.

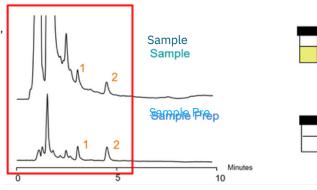
A Use isotopically labeled internal standards.

Tools

A Weak Anion Exchange (WAX) SPE cartridges

A Internal standard mix

A LC-MS/MS optimization guide



3.Retention Time Shifts

Problen

Problem: Inconsistent chromatographic separation

Tip

A Ensure column equilibration and stable flow rate.

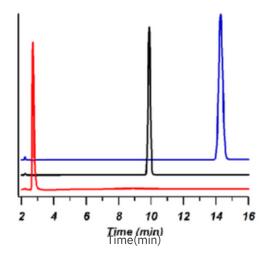
A Check mobile phase pH and composition.

A Use delay column to separate background contamination.

Tools

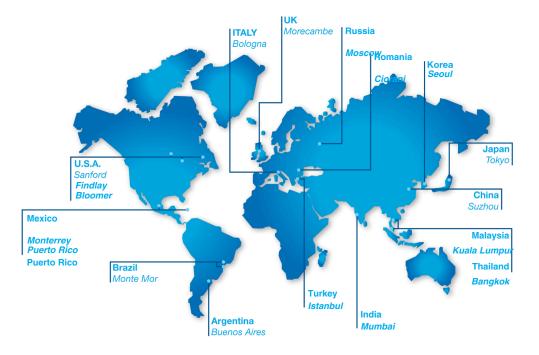
A High-quality PFAS analytical columns

A Guard column and delay column (to trap system PFAS)









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PRODUCT COLLECTION - PFAS Free Catalog

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